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W. W. TRACY, Jr.

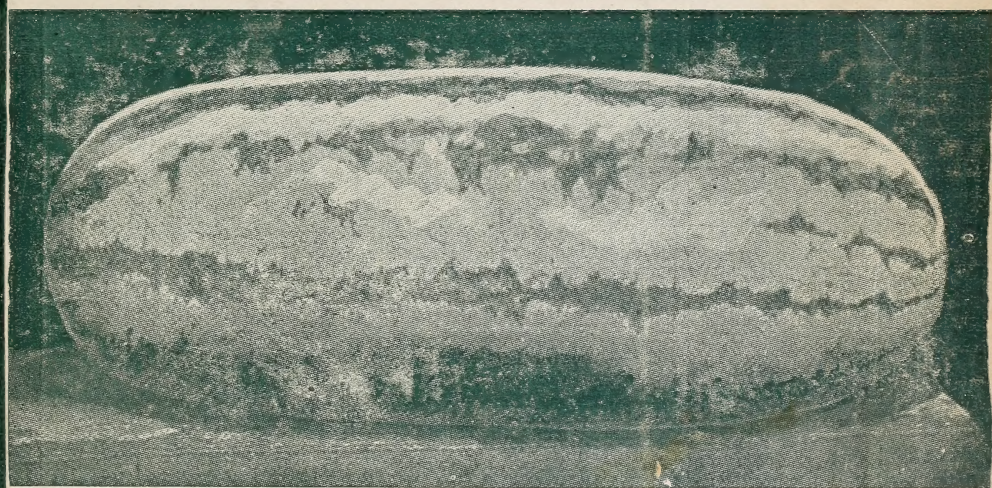
34th

Annual
Spring
Catalogue

highest

1907

quality



Alexander's Fancy Select Augusta Rattlesnake

Alexander Seed Co.

911 BROAD STREET

Augusta

-

-

-

-

Georgia

WHAT IT COSTS



Do you ever stop to think what it costs every year to use inferior seed or seed of inferior varieties? It's something enormous. Take cotton for instance. The South plants on an average something like twenty-eight million acres in cotton every year. The average yield for the past 5 or 6 years has been 191 pounds of lint per acre. This, at 10 cents per pound, would be \$19.10. Now an acre of average cotton land will, with improved varieties, easily make a 500-pound bale, a difference of 809 pounds or \$80.90. Allowing 20 acres in cotton to a farm, this means a difference of \$618.00 in the income from that 20 acres on the lint alone. If you are planting 20 acres of cotton and using common cotton seed to plant it is costing you something like \$600.00 per year to use that common seed.

Now we don't want you to take our word for it entirely. The Georgia Experiment Station has been making comparative tests of cotton for years. A Georgia farmer asked the director of the Station if it paid to use improved cotton seed. In reply he quoted the following from Bulletin 66 of the Georgia Experiment Station: "According to a comparison at the Georgia Station for ten years together it was found that the average value of the total yield of the best varieties planted each year was **\$20.08 per acre greater** than the average value of the total yield of the poorest varieties planted each year of the ten years, valuing lint at 10 cents per pound and seed at 80 cents per 100 pounds. I am quite sure that it would prove profitable for a majority of cotton growers to pay from \$2.00 to \$3.00 per bushel for improved seed and that it would pay some farmers to buy seed at even \$5.00 per bushel rather than plant an unimproved scrub variety." The figures from the Georgia Station are very close to ours and confirm what we say fully.

We have taken cotton as an example because it is something that practically every reader of this catalogue is interested in and grows. If you are using common cotton seed or inferior varieties that make less than a bale per acre on good cotton land, it is costing you a great deal. Is it common sense to get \$20.00 per acre from cotton when you can get \$50.00 or more with the same expense for cultivation and fertilizer?

What we have said of cotton is just as true of corn or any other field crop, of all the vegetables. You have got to have the best seed of the best varieties to make the most profitable crops on your farm. We have the right seed for all garden and farm crops. You need them. They are all seeds that will make you large profits if you plant them.

How About Your 1907 Seed Order?

Planting time comes soon. You will buy some seeds soon. Why not from us? The Alexander seed business is 34 years old and it's a Southern seed house. It has satisfied many thousands of planters in that time. Its business is entirely in the South. We have the right seed and right varieties to make good paying crops for you. That's the reason why we want your order. Alexander's Seeds are profitable seeds to plant. They don't cause you loss of profits but make profits for you and that's the only kind of seeds you can afford to plant.

Seeds Postpaid Remember, the prices in this catalogue include the payment of postage on all seeds in packets, ounces, quarter pounds, pound, pint or quart. **These prices show exactly what the seeds will cost you delivered at your postoffice.** Where prices are made on five or ten pound lots or more, packets and bushels, price does not include postage, as such quantities are too large for mailing and must be sent by express or freight at your expense for charges.

If you make an order requiring express or freight shipments and wish to include in it some of the articles quoted postpaid, you may deduct eight cents per pound or fifteen cents per quart from the catalogue price on such articles.

If you are a large buyer of seeds send us a list of your wants on the "Special Quotation Sheet" enclosed in this catalogue, naming variety and quantity of each, and we will make you the very lowest possible price consistent with first-class quality of seeds, and find out just what the express or freight will be on your shipment. In this way you can easily know just what your order will cost delivered. **If wanted by mail, the Prices in this catalogue show you exactly what the seed cost delivered at your postoffice or at your door if you are on an R. F. D. route.**

Send Cash With Order Please do not ask us to open small accounts on seed orders. We cannot do it. It is just as easy to remit at time of sending the order as at any other time. This is no reflection on your credit or standing. We simply find it impossible to open up hundreds and thousands of these small accounts. All large mail order houses, such as ours, have found it necessary to adopt this rule of "Cash With Order," and we must insist on remittance accompanying all orders sent for seeds from this catalogue.

Alexander Seed Co.

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

SEASONABLE SEEDS

FOR

Southern Spring Plantings.

Seeds Fresh, Vital and True to Name.

SEEDS POSTPAID Remember that the prices given in this list include the delivery of all seeds by the packet, ounce, quarter pound, pound, pint or quart, except where noted. Send us the amount named in this catalogue and we guarantee safe delivery by mail in these quantities.

OUR PREMIUMS Please bear in mind that on **seeds in packets and ounces only**, except Cauliflower in ounces (no quarter pounds, pounds, pints or quarts), the purchaser may select **25 cents' worth extra on each dollar sent**. This does **not** apply to orders for collections, prices for which are net.

CASH WITH ORDER Kindly remember that our terms are strictly cash with order. This is no reflection on your credit or standing, but we find it impossible to open up accounts on seed orders and conduct our business. It is just as easy to remit with the order as it is with a bill for the goods, and in almost every instance the price is named in this catalogue. Do not ask us to send an order for seeds and "you will remit on receipt of bill."

COST OF SENDING MONEY In all cases where the order for seeds amounts to one dollar or more, the cost of postoffice or express money order or cost of registering the letters from places that are not money order offices, may be deducted from the amount.

STAMPS On orders for seeds where the amount is less than 50 cents, we will accept postage stamps in good condition (one cent and two cent stamps preferred) the same as cash, but we would ask those remitting stamps to wrap them in oiled paper, if possible, to prevent them sticking together or to the order.

SPECIAL EXPRESS RATES We have obtained from the Southern Express Co. a special express rate on seeds shipped from us to our customers. The special rate is equivalent to a reduction of about one-third from the regular rates, and on shipments of less than 30 pounds we can, in most cases, ship by express cheaper than by freight. As a rule, we can ship 15 pounds of seed or a peck of peas or beans, or corn to any point reached by the Southern Express Co. for 35 cents. This does not apply to points on the Wells-Fargo, American or Pacific Express. The cost in those cases will be 35 cents for each company on a 10 or 15 pound shipment, making a charge of 70 cents for a point if handled by two different express companies.

(While we exercise the greatest care to have all seeds pure and reliable, we give no warranty, express or implied, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are to be returned at once, and any money that has been paid for them will be refunded. Every order received for articles in this catalogue will be filled on these conditions only.)

ALEXANDER SEED CO.

MAKE AN ASPARAGUS BED

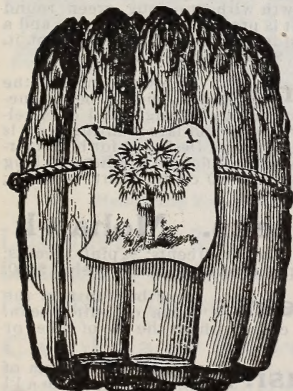
Asparagus is a most delicious vegetable, easily grown in most parts of the South. Seed can be sown in either fall or spring thinly in rows one foot apart. When well up give frequent cultivation until plants are one year old. In transplanting to permanent bed put roots 16 to 18 inches apart each way, placing the crown of the root 4 inches below the surface. Use your best soil for asparagus. You cannot get it too rich nor can you use too much manure on this crop.

Palmetto The favorite and earliest Southern variety. Originated in South Carolina. Becoming more popular every year with both market and home gardeners. Adapted to all sections where asparagus can be grown. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid. In 5-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 40 cents per pound.

Palmetto Asparagus Roots You can save $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 years time in getting asparagus beds ready for cutting by the use of our large 2-year-old Palmetto Asparagus roots. Plant them in January and February. 50 roots, 75 cents; 100 for \$1.25; postpaid. By express or freight, not prepaid, 500 for \$2.75; 1,000 for \$4.50. Write for special prices on large lots. We can supply them in 10,000 lots if desired.

French Globe Artichoke

For table use, highly prized by French and Italians. Best imported French seed. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 30 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, \$1.00.



Palmetto Asparagus.

Jerusalem Artichoke—For Hogs

No root crop is growing in favor so rapidly for feeding hogs. A yield of 500 bushels is nothing unusual. An acre will fatten 25 to 30 hogs easily, and hogs fed on them are free from cholera. The southern farmer who neglects growing artichokes is making a mistake, they are adapted to our section, grow all summer, make enormous crops and stay in ground in perfect condition until the hogs are turned in. Plant in early spring in 4-foot rows like Irish potatoes, dropping seed piece, cut to a single eye, every 2 feet. Pound, postpaid, 25 cents; 3 pounds, 65 cents. By freight or express, not prepaid, peck, 50 cents; bushel, \$1.75. Barrel of 11 pecks (for 1 acre), \$4.25.



Jerusalem Artichoke.

Green Podded Bush Beans



A Single Plant of Refugee Beans.

pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.25.

Extra Early Refugee Almost identical with our Round Pod Refugee except that it is 10 days earlier. A heavy yielder; producing heavy crops in either wet or dry seasons. A splendid shipper and each season becomes more popular for both market and home use. Pods of good size, meaty and tender. A first-class bush bean in every respect. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.25.

Extra Early Red Valentine A standard variety for either market or home use in all parts of the South. Very early, a strong vigorous grower and a heavy bearer of good sized, tender, meaty pods of the finest quality. Very even in ripening and a favorite everywhere in the South. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.50.

Stringless Green Pod It is beyond question the finest of all in quality. It is an absolutely stringless bean in all stages of growth with fine, long, green, round pods. It surpasses all other beans in its crisp, tender qualities and rich flavor. It is prolific, a strong grower and a week or more earlier than the Valentine. No home garden that wants the finest in quality should be without it. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 45 cents; postpaid. Peck, \$1.50; bushel, \$5.25.



The Jackson Wonder Bean.

Culture Plant bush beans from March to September for continuous supply. Sow in rows 18 to 24 inches apart, dropping a bean every 2 inches. Cover seed not over 2 inches and firm sandy soils after planting. Do not plant until danger from frost is over. When about to blossom draw the earth up around the stem. Hoe or cultivate often. 1 quart of seed plants 100 feet of row.

Our Improved Round Pod Refugee

Often sold under the name of "Brown Valentine." While not quite as early as Red Valentine and Extra Early Refugee, its vigorous growth, heavy bearing qualities and resistance to heat and drought make it a favorite for planting in the South. Pods of good size, meaty and tender. As a shipper it holds up well, arriving in market in splendid condition. For home garden and nearby market use it is a splendid sort, continuing in bearing several weeks longer than the extra early varieties. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$

Black Valentine An improvement on the Red Valentine, being one-third longer, pods perfectly round and straight and of excellent quality. Suitable for both early and late plantings as it is quite hardy. It will stand slight frosts. Desirable for both market and home gardens because of prolificness, quality and long bearing. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 20 cents; quart, 50 cents; postpaid. Peck, \$1.75; bushel, \$6.50.

Yellow Six Weeks. Mohawk

Old-time favorites. Each, packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents; postpaid. Peck, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.00.

Bush Lima Beans True bush form of the Lima or butter bean. With these you can grow full crops without the use of poles or wires.

Henderson Bush Lima Bush form of the Lima or "Sewee." The heaviest and surest cropper of them all and bears until frost if kept closely picked and cultivated. A single plant has borne 280 full-sized pods. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 45 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.65; bushel, \$6.00.

Jackson Wonder Of Georgia origin. A perfect bush Lima for home use. Almost drought proof; very prolific; most delicious flavor. Begins bearing early in summer and continues until frost. For home gardens it has no equal. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 20 cents; pint 30 cents; quart, 50 cents; postpaid.

Burpee Bush Lima The largest. True bush form of the Large White Lima. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 20 cents; pint 30 cents; quart, 50 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, peck \$2.00.

WAX-PODDED BUSH BEANS

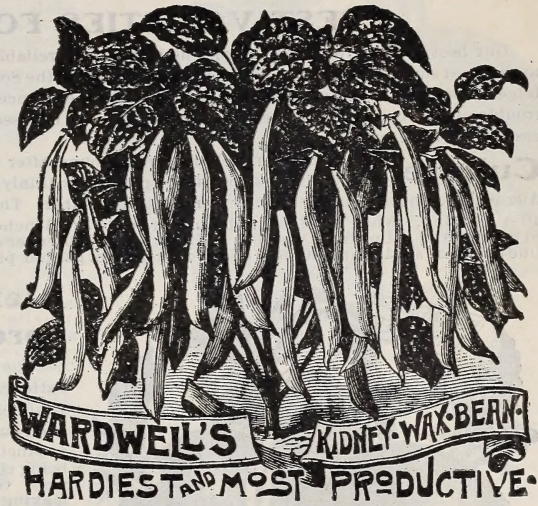
Wardwell's Kidney Wax

Most popular of all wax varieties in the South for either market or home use. Matures in 5 to 6 weeks, a strong, vigorous grower, bearing heavy crops of long, showy pods, tender and of the finest flavor. In shipping it stands up well, bringing top prices. Is remarkably free from rust. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 45 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.50; bushel, \$5.50.

Curries' Rust Proof Wax

The nearest rust-proof of any variety of good Wax Bean. Vines vigorous, hardy and productive. One of the earliest and the pods are of fine appearance, holding up splendidly in shipment. A standard market gardener's variety for shipment. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 45 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.40; bushel, \$5.00.

Davis' White Wax A very productive wax variety, bearing large, handsome, silvery white pods 5 to 6 inches long. The most handsome pods of all wax sorts. The seed being white makes it an excellent shell bean for winter use. In shipment it holds up splendidly and sells on its handsome appearance. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 20 cents; pint, 30 cents; quart, 50 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.50; bushel, \$5.50.



German Wax, Golden Wax, Golden Eye Wax

Standard well known varieties for the South. Each, packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents; postpaid. Peck, \$1.40; bushel, \$5.00.

Pole Beans

It will pay you to plant some pole beans. Plant so vine can run on poles, trellises, fences or cornstalks and you will have a plentiful supply of "snaps" and butter beans till frost.

Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead

Heaviest bearer of all pole snap beans in the South. Immensely prolific, as shown in our illustration, being fairly covered up with big, tender, green pods borne in clusters. Always large, crisp, tender and free from stringiness. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 20 cents; pint, 30 cents; quart, 50 cents; postpaid. Half peck not prepaid, \$1.10; peck, \$2.0.



Henderson Bush Lima Bean.

Lazy Wife's Pole Beans, Corn Field or Cut Short, Fat Horse or Crease Back.

Standard well known varieties of pole beans, all useful for "snaps" during the summer and for shell beans during winter. Every garden should have a few. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 45 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, peck, \$1.50.

Carolina or Sewee Lima The original lima bean, commonly known as "Butter Bean." Very prolific, fine flavored and sweet. A popular bean in all parts of the South, fine for using fresh or as a shell bean in winter. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 45 cents; postpaid. Peck, \$1.50.

King of the Garden Lima Largest, richest and finest flavored of all pole limas. Vines strong and vigorous growing, and a heavy producer of big pods well filled out with large beans of most delicious flavor. Packet 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 20 cents; pint, 30 cents; quart, 50 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.75.

Willow Leaf Lima In many respects the most valuable of the pole limas for planting in Florida and the lower South. The beans are the same size as the Carolina or Sewee and of equally fine quality. Leaves are small and finely cut, and are ornamental enough for shading porches. Bears from the start, setting beans from the first bloom. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 45 cents; postpaid.



Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead Pole Bean.

Alexander's Selected Beet Seed

BEST VARIETIES FOR TABLE USE

Our beet seed is grown specially for us by the most reliable growers. We sell thousands of pounds each year to the most successful truckers and market gardeners of the South Atlantic and Gulf sections. The fact that these large growers stay with us year after year is the best evidence as to the high quality of our seeds. We spare no trouble or expense to get the best of everything. Our beet seed is just what you want if you expect to make successful, paying crops.

Culture Sow in rich or well-manured ground after same has been deeply plowed or spaded. Sow in rows 18 inches to 2 feet apart. Sow thinly in the rows in this latitude from early spring up to August. Further south sow from September to December. The seed is rough and soil should be firmed or rolled after planting. When 2 or 3 inches high thin out to 5 or 6 inches apart in the row. The young plants are superior to turnips and spinach for greens. In light, sandy soil cover seed 2 inches; in stiff or clay soils, not over 1 inch. One ounce of seed plants 100 feet of row; for market garden planting, sow 10 pounds per acre.



Extra Early Improved Blood Turnip Beet.

Alexander's Extra Early Improved Blood Turnip Beet

The shape of this, the finest of all the Blood Turnip varieties, is shown by our illustration. Our extra early strain of it will be ready for use in six or seven weeks with good cultivation. It is the finest of all in quality and very productive. Color a deep blood red which it holds after being cooked. Always sweet, tender and free from stringiness. Good for either market or home use and fine for making succession plantings. Plant this variety and you will never regret it. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid, 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$4.00.

Crosby's Improved Egyptian

A distinct improvement over the Extra Early Egyptian beet, the Crosby being of much more even and regular growth with a more globular shaped root. It is an extremely early sort and of much better quality and flavor than the old kind. We have the true strain which is a favorite with market gardeners for earliest sales. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 65 cents; postpaid, 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$4.50.

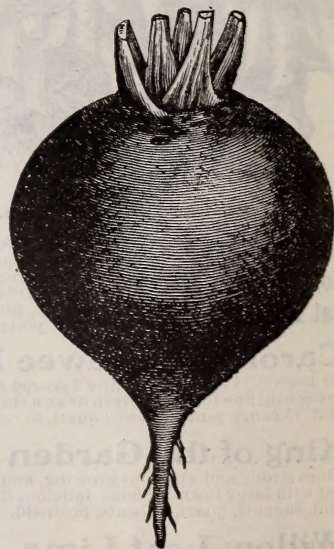
Alexander's Extra Early Eclipse Beet

A most popular market gardener's beet for the South as well as a favorite for home gardens. Of remarkably fine form, smooth and free from stringy roots. Small top and a rapid grower. Color a deep blood red which it retains fully after being cooked. Quality extra fine, sweet and tender. A heavy cropper and its handsome appearance makes it an easy seller when placed on the market. Our specially selected strain of Eclipse has proven to be most successful for fall planting and our market garden friends will make no mistake by planting it largely this year. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 55 cents; postpaid, 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$4.00.

Lentz' Extra Early Beet A splendid variety. Nearly as early as the Egyptian, but larger and of extra fine quality. Color a dark blood red, tender and sweet at all stages of growth. Has small top and with favorable seasons can be used in six weeks from sowing. Very productive, a splendid keeper and shipper. Gardeners will make no mistake in planting Lentz, if they want a first quality, extra early beet. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid.

Half Long Blood Beet Another favorite for late use. Intermediate in length between our Extra Early Blood Turnip and the Improved Long. Color a deep blood red, smooth and free from stringy roots. In quality tender and sweet. Remains in good condition a long time after maturity. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid.

Improved Long Blood Beet An old-time favorite in the South. Has long, smooth, blood red roots, going well down into the soil, enabling it to resist drought and heat. A few of these ought to be in every garden for late use after other varieties are gone. Flesh very tender and sweet. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid.

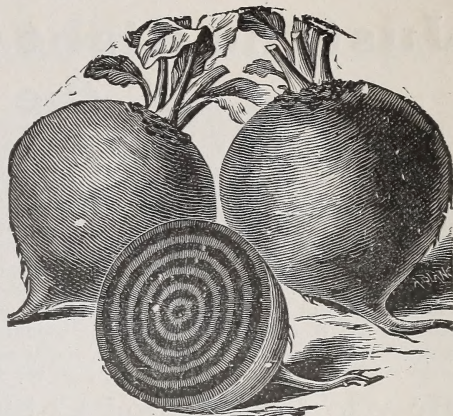


Extra Early Eclipse Beet.

Plant "MONEY MAKER" COTTON For Big Crops.

Crimson Globe Beet

A distinct new variety now offered by us for the first time. Extremely handsome appearance and perfect globe shape. Not quite as early as Eclipse but larger. The beets average three inches in diameter, skin perfectly smooth and form very regular. In color it is a deep rich crimson; in quality very sweet and tender. Its foliage is small and distinct, being a rich bronze purple. We recommend it most highly for both home and market gardens. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid, 5 pounds, not prepaid, \$3.00; 10 pounds, \$5.00.



Crimson Globe Beet.

Mangel and Sugar Beets for Stock Feeding

The value of root crops for stock feeding, the Mangels French Sugar Beet and Belgian Carrots can hardly be over-estimated. They are enormous yielders under good cultivation and they make an agreeable change of feed for any animal kept on dry forage during the winter months. When planted in the spring and allowed to grow all summer, the yield is enormous and the value of the crop is shown by the increased flow of milk and the improved condition of the animals. Have your ground deeply plowed, then well harrowed. Sow seed in the spring in rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet apart and let grow until late fall. Use a naturally rich soil or else fertilize heavily to get profitable results. Both the Mangel and Sugar Beets are equally profitable for stock feeding. In sections where their value is known almost every farmer plants from one to ten pounds of seed each year.

Mammoth Long Red Mangel

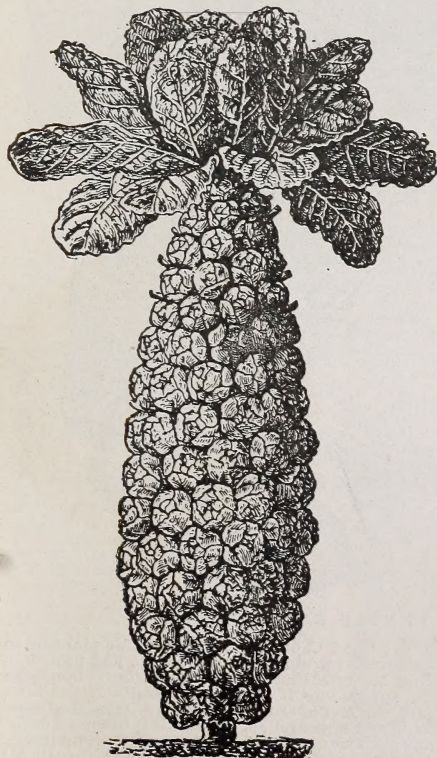
The most generally planted, being the heaviest and surest cropper. Single roots have been grown to weigh 61 pounds. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15 cents; pound, 40 cents; postpaid, 10 pound lots or over, not prepaid, 25 cents per pound.

Golden Tankard Mangel

A mammoth, half long, yellow variety, growing the greater part of the root above ground and especially valuable for growing on thin soils. An enormous yielder and profitable to grow. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15 cents; pound, 40 cents; postpaid, 10 pound lots or over, not prepaid, at 25 cents.

White French Sugar

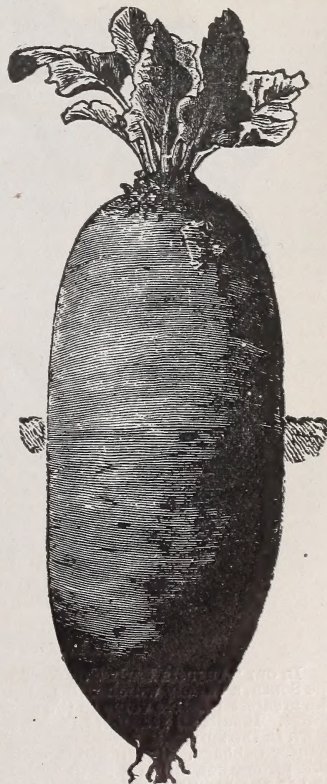
Not valuable as a sugar crop South, but its rich content of sugar makes it a most valuable sort in fattening stock of all kinds. An immense yielder and profitable variety. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15 cents; pound, 40 cents; postpaid, 10 pounds or over, not prepaid, 25 cents per pound.



Perfection Brussels Sprouts.

Brussels Sprouts

Highly esteemed plant of the cabbage family. Fine for summer and fall planting South. Plants grow 2 feet high and a small head like a miniature cabbage forms at each leaf joint. These are of the finest flavor when boiled. Hardy in most parts of the South during the winter. Try a few of them in your garden this year. You will like them. Especially valuable for fall and winter use. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.50; postpaid.



Mammoth Long Red Mangel Beet.

Just the Right Cabbage Seed for the South

YOU NEED IT WE HAVE IT

Let's get together on this Cabbage question. There is no crop grown that is so absolutely dependent on the quality of the seed as Cabbage. It is the most important of the Southern vegetable crops. Almost every truck farm has it and it is a stand-by in every home garden. We have not space here to go into details as to the sources of seed supply. The greatest danger is in the cheap, European grown seed that is used to make cut prices with. This makes either a complete or partial failure nine years out of ten when planted South through our climatic conditions. Your only safety is to use no Cabbage seed except of the best American growth. Our Cabbage seed is grown for us by a Cabbage seed specialist who has spent a lifetime in the business and thoroughly understands our conditions here in the South. The seed we have has no superior and there is very little seed produced that is equal to it. It's just the kind of Cabbage seed you need to make a successful crop with. You can't get anything better if you pay \$10.00 per pound for it.

How to Grow Good Cabbage

The first requisite is first-class seed of best American growth, such as ours. Cabbage can be grown on almost any soil from heavy muck to light sandy soil if the light soils be heavily manured or fertilized. For spring and early summer crops seed can be sown any time from January 1st to April 1st. For spring planting use one ounce of seed to make 2,000 plants.

When plants have six to eight leaves transplant to open ground, setting deep enough so that first leaves are level with the ground. Set in rows two feet apart and sixteen to eighteen inches apart in the row.

Cabbage is a heavy feeder. Most of the fertilizer should be worked into the soil before the young plants are set out. Give frequent cultivation, keeping the crop free from weeds and grass.

Most of the Cabbage crops in the South are grown with commercial fertilizers. In our section fertilizers containing 7 to 8 per cent. Phosphoric Acid, 5 per cent. Ammonia, and 5 per cent. Potash have given the best results on Cabbage.



ALEXANDER'S AUGUSTA EARLY TRUCKER CABBAGE.

In our "Augusta Early Trucker" we have the best large early Flat Head Cabbage ever offered, for planting in the South, a variety which will not only give the most satisfactory results in "home gardens" but has proven of the greatest possible value to the market gardens of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Texas and other Southern States. It suits all seasons; in fact no Cabbage we have ever seen approaches it in so many desirable qualities. Sown in the spring, it makes best summer crop. Sown in the late summer months, it makes a most desirable Winter Cabbage. Our illustration gives you a good idea of its shape and appearance. In size it is the most desirable for market, either local or for long distance shipment. It stands summer heat and winter cold without injury and is the heaviest yielder and surest header of them all. We know of no Cabbage that combines so nearly all the good qualities that a Cabbage can have. Our advice to you is to plant the "Augusta Early Trucker" this spring. Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.00; pound, \$3.25; postpaid.

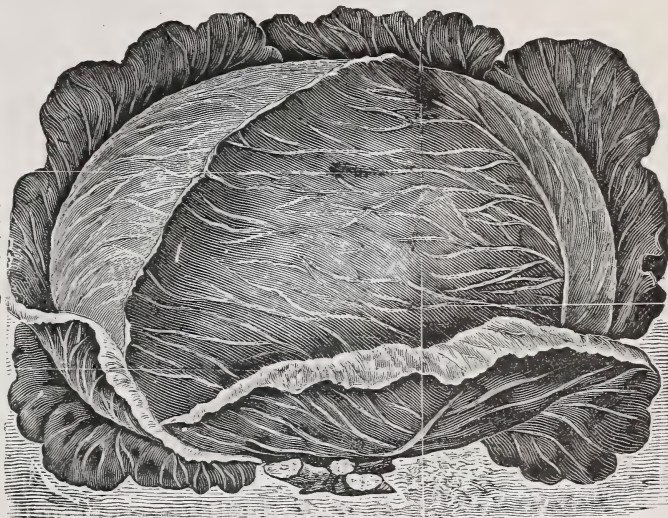
Alexander's Surehead Cabbage

Our Surehead is the finest strictly main crop cabbage on our list. It never fails to make fine large solid heads with few outer leaves. It's a strong, vigorous grower, maturing two weeks after "Angusta Trucker" and is very regular in size, shape and color. It is a splendid variety for both spring and summer planting. It resists scalding sun and rains and is a good keeper, staying in good condition long after maturity. Invaluable for both home and market gardens and no Southern garden or truck farm should be without "Surehead," this year. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$2.00; postpaid.

\$400 per Acre

"I planted one-half acre in your Surehead Cabbage last August. It has netted me \$200 and I have Cabbage in the patch yet." Feb. 11, 1905.

J. N. PARRISH,
Houston Co., Texas.



Alexander's Surehead Cabbage.

Improved Early Drumhead

This is the best of all the early Drumhead Cabbages for the South, just the right sort if you want an early crop of the Drumhead Cabbages. It's a good grower and is especially valuable for the lighter soils of the South where many of the pointed cabbages fail to make good heads. It is not only hardy to resist winter cold, but is unexcelled to stand burning sun without scalding or blistering. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.60; postpaid.

Premium Late Drumhead

Very similar to our Improved Early Drumhead except that it is some three weeks later and nearly double the size. For those wanting a very large late cabbage there is none better among the "Drumheads." It is two or three weeks later, and on rich soil in favorable seasons it will often attain a weight of 25 or 30 pounds. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.60; postpaid.

Our Prices Include Postage Paid.

"SUCCESSION," A SECOND EARLY CABBAGE

Succession is the great second early variety in many parts of the South, being used largely for second early and for shipment North. It is of rather large size, well flattened on top. In maturity it is almost 10 days later than Early Summer or Early Flat Dutch, but it is nearly double the size of those varieties. Is firm and solid, is a very sure header and stands shipment, arriving in good condition and color. Succession is a good variety and a favorite in many parts of Florida, Georgia, Louisiana and Texas for both spring and fall planting. We furnish you the highest grade obtainable in seed of this variety; there is no better at any price. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$1.75; postpaid.

All Seasons Favorite for either early or late crop. Heads of good size and thick. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.60; postpaid.



Succession Cabbage.

Selected Early Jersey Wakefield



Selected Early Jersey Wakefield.

Early Summer

One of the best early flat cabbages, coming in 10 days to 2 weeks later than Jersey Wakefield. Very uniform in size and shape, round, flattened and solid. Has small outer leaves and stands close planting. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.60; postpaid.

Improved Early Flat Dutch

A favorite and standard for early planting in the South, especially in family gardens. Medium size, large and flattened. Heads usually weigh from 4 to 5 pounds. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.60.

Perfection Drumhead Savoy

The Savoy is the tenderest and richest flavored of all cabbage. Specially good results are obtained by summer plantings for use in late fall and early winter. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$2.00.

Large Early York

An old favorite, for home gardens only. Rather loose header, very early, and of the finest flavor of any of the early cabbages. Heads are rather small. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.35; postpaid.



North Carolina Buncombe Cabbage.

The Jersey Wakefield is the most popular extra early pointed variety for the market gardener and one of the most profitable extra earlies that can be planted. Frequently matures in 100 days from planting the seed. We sell immense quantities of this variety to the truck growers of the Carolina coast. Our special strain of Wakefield is unsurpassed. Some seedsmen charge \$8.00 to \$10.00 per pound for Wakefield cabbage. Actual test shows ours to be better than the \$10.00 stock. Buy of us at a fair price and get the best that can be grown. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$2.00; postpaid.

Charleston Wakefield

This is identical in its general characteristics with the Early Jersey Wakefield except that it is about one-third larger and ten days later in maturing. A hard header and a sure one, just what is needed in a pointed cabbage to follow our Selected Jersey Wakefield for a succession. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$2.00; postpaid.

Early Winningstadt

An old-time favorite that holds its own against new introductions in many sections. Pointed heads, very early, heads of a good size for an extra early, very solid and one of the surest headers of them all. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.35; postpaid.



Early Summer.

Buncombe Cabbage

This variety, grown as it has been for a hundred years or more in the mountains of North Carolina as a winter crop, has attained a hardness that no other cabbage has. It makes large, firm, solid heads. Seed should be sown from July to October for best results. It's perfectly hardy in the South. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 30 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 75 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.

Green Glazed

A popular, rather loose headed variety largely planted in home gardens for summer and early fall use. A vigorous grower and the most resistant of all varieties to the attacks of insect pests. If you have trouble with bugs plant the Green Glazed. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$2.00; postpaid.

Red Dutch Cabbage

The best of all the red or purple colored cabbages. Not as tender or fine grained as the other varieties but is largely used for pickling. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 75 cents.



Alpha Cabbage, the Earliest of All.

give it a trial this season. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 30 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, \$1.00; pound, \$3.00; postpaid.

Alexander's Premium Late Flat Dutch

ing, to mature in winter and spring, it has no superior as it resists frosts and freezes to a remarkable degree. It is equally valuable for spring planting as it seems to stand heat as well as cold. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$1.60; postpaid.

The best of our late Flat Dutch varieties.

For July, August and September plant and freezes to a remarkable degree. It is

HARDY CABBAGE PLANTS

Every year we sell hundreds of thousands of cabbage plants to market gardeners. These plants are grown on one of the sea coast islands of South Carolina. These plants are field or open ground grown entirely and are hardy and will stand conditions of weather in transplanting that would be death to hot bed plants such as we would have to furnish if shipped from Augusta. These plants are taken up direct from the beds in the open ground, are carefully and lightly packed and will stand long distance shipping without damage, and at a low cost for express age. Plants packed in this way get the advantage of our special low express rate. No cabbage plants sold in less quantity than 500 and all shipments must be made by express.

We can supply these varieties:

Augusta Trucker, Henderson's Succession, Alexander's Premium Late Flat Dutch, Selected Early Jersey Wakefield, Charleston Wakefield and Early Dwarf Flat Dutch. Prices, by Express, not prepaid, 500 for \$1.00; 1,000 for \$1.50; 5,000 at \$1.25 per thousand. 10,000 lots or over at \$1.00 per thousand. All shipments made from growing station on the South Carolina Coast. Send in your order for plants early.

FOR SOUTHERN SPRING PLANTINGS

Broccoli

Very similar to cauliflower, but is much easier grown by the inexperienced. Cultivate the same as cabbage, giving as rich soil as possible.

Alexander's Early Market—The largest and earliest variety making pure white heads. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents.

Early Purple Cape—Heads a very light purple color. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents.

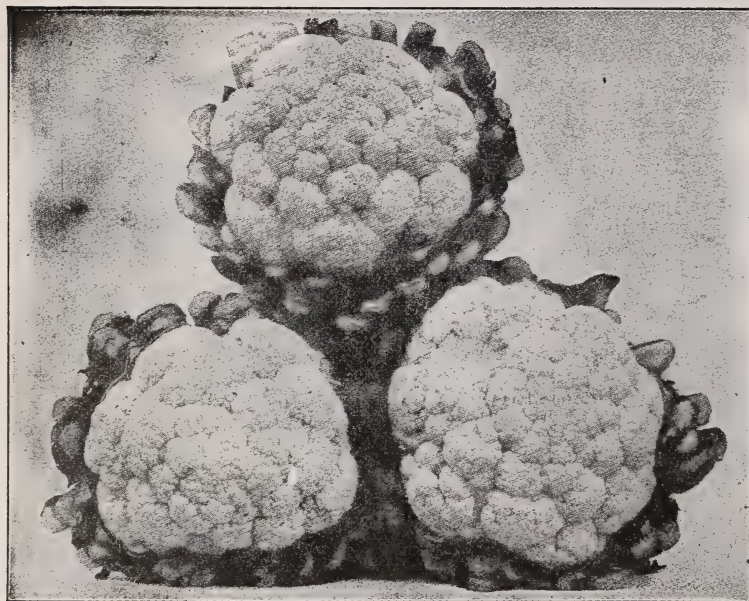
STRAWBERRIES

Our Special Home Garden Collection is just right for your home garden. 100 plants each of Excelsior Extra Early, Lady Thompson (medium early), and Gandy 300 plants, express charges prepaid to any Southern Express Co. office for \$1.50. This collection gives you an all season's supply.

Truckers and Market Gardeners,

And Public Institutions using large quantities of seed are requested to send us a list of their requirements for a special quotation. While the prices in this catalogue are low, the quality of our seeds being considered, still on large quantities we can make somewhat lower prices. Send us your list. We will make you right prices for the right quality of seeds. For 30 years we have supplied the most critical trade in the South. We have pleased others; we can please you in quality and price. Let's get together this spring.

Alexander's Cauliflower Seed



Alexander's Early Snowball Cauliflower.

Alexander's Early Snowball The finest strain of Snowball Cauliflower grown. A sure cropper, producing very firm and beautiful heads of snowy whiteness. Of very close, compact growth, making it a splendid sort for either close field planting or forcing in frames. Packet, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ ounce, 65 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, \$1.10; ounce, \$2.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, \$7.00; pound, \$26.00; postpaid.

Select Early Dwarf Erfurt Earliest small leaved dwarf variety either for forcing or open ground. Produces medium sized heads, very solid, pure white and of finest flavor. Packet, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ ounce, 50 cents; ounce, \$1.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, \$5.00; pound, \$18.00; postpaid.

Extra Early Paris White The earliest heading variety and largely grown for home gardens. Does not grow as large as the Snowball and Erfurt. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ ounce, 30 cents; ounce, 50 cents.



Improved Georgia White Collard.

Our cauliflower seed has no superior. Grown for us by one of the most expert and careful growers in Denmark, the only section of the world where first-class cauliflower seed can be grown.

Cauliflower is a most delicious vegetable and should be planted more generally, especially along the Atlantic and Gulf coasts where it does especially well. Sow seed from January to March and July to October. Transplant in wet weather, if possible, to very rich soil, and cultivate early and often. Requires plenty of moisture when heads begin to form. $\frac{1}{4}$ ounce of seed produces about 500 plants. It matures in from 100 to 120 days from sowing. In market garden planting one ounce of seed produces about 2500 plants; 4 ounces per acre are required. Try some Cauliflower this year.

COLLARDS

The Collard is an old time favorite and stand-by all over the South. There are few gardens in the South that do not contain it. It is well adapted to every Southern state, and is a species of cabbage which is not only very hardy, but a vigorous and continuous grower, producing a mass of leaves and, later in the season, a fairly good head. It is not in its best condition until touched by frost. Seed can be sown in early spring and up to as late as August 1st. When plants are six inches high transplant to open ground, setting them two feet apart in the row. Should be cultivated frequently and thoroughly, like cabbage. It is sometimes humorously called "Georgia Cabbage."

Improved White Georgia

Also called cabbage collard on account of its close bunching growth and light green leaves resembling the cabbage—combining the hardiness of the collard with the whiteness and crispness of cabbage. You will never know how good collards can be until you try our improved White Georgia. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.

True Long or Georgia

The old time Southern favorite collard. It stands all kinds of hard treatment and neglect with little injury and is a sure cropper in the South. Can be grown on land so poor that cabbage won't head on it and furnish a plentiful supply of leaves of good quality. Makes quite a head in cool winters. Packet 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound 75 cents; postpaid.

Alexander's Garden and Stock Carrots

Culture Carrots are one of the best of our root crops and are too little planted in the South. At this season sow from February to April for spring and summer use. Sow thinly in drills 18 inches apart and cover about 1 inch, firming or rolling the soil if dry. Do best on light, deep, sandy loam. One ounce sows 100 feet of drill. Use 4 to 5 pounds to acre.

Danver's Half Long The most productive of the half long varieties, often yielding 20 to 30 tons per acre on highly manured ground. Roots large, but of medium length as shown in our illustration, tapering abruptly at the point; very uniform in growth, very sweet, tender and of good flavor. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid.

Chantenay A new stump rooted French variety, the best of its class. Unexcelled in productiveness and quality, very uniform in growth. Roots about 5 inches long, large at top and gradually tapering in very symmetrical manner at base. Medium early and fine for both market and home gardens. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Improved Long Orange The old standard and well-known variety largely planted for general crop. In quality it is a table carrot but its productiveness is so great that you will find it profitable to grow for stock feed. Roots are long and require a deeply worked soil. Color a deep rich orange. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Early Scarlet Short Horn One of the most popular of the early varieties. Color a deep orange yellow; of a most delicious flavor and makes a splendid crop in light, shallow soils. A favorite in both market and home gardens. Roots 4 to 5 inches long. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 70 cents; postpaid.

Large White Belgian (For Stock Feeding Only.) The value of root crops for stock feeding is just being learned in the South. The Large White Belgian is the largest cropper of them all, having produced as high as 20 tons per acre. In the lower South they can be left in the ground and pulled as wanted for feeding. The use of carrots in connection with dry feed keeps the animals in good condition and in cows the flow of milk is greatly increased. If you feed stock through the winter plant the Belgian Carrot from February to April. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound 20 cents; pound, 50 cents; postpaid.



Danver's Half Long.

A Dollar Seed Order

or any order over a dollar sent to us this year will bring to you that best of all Southern farm papers—THE SOUTHERN RURALIST—twice a month for a year without costing you a cent extra.

We believe in giving premiums on seed orders, but we believe in giving you something worth while, not something cheap and trashy. We want to place in the hands of every one of our customers something helpful and we know of nothing better than THE RURALIST, coming to you long after the seed are planted, crops grown and harvested. It stays by you all the year.

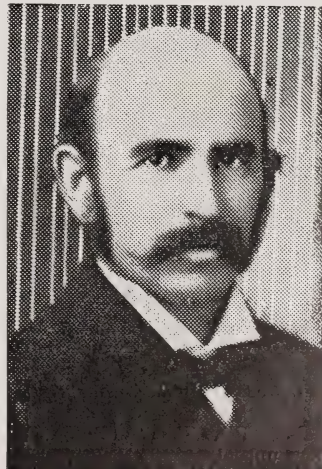
THE RURALIST is not one of those trashy sheets parading around under the name of an agricultural paper, but it is actually the best, most practical, common sense garden paper we have ever seen. Why? Because its editor, Mr. F. J. Merriam, whose face we show here, is a live, up-to-date Georgia farmer who knows by actual experience the troubles and problems of the Southern farmer. His experience and writings are based on the same conditions you are working under. He is a practical farmer and knows what he is talking and writing about. He has troubles of his own and he tells you how to get around them. He has his failures and he tells you of them so you won't do the same thing. He has his successes and he tells you how he succeeded, many times where his neighboring farmers failed.

Dr. H. E. Stockbridge, Agricultural Editor, writes on the subjects of more scientific importance, the great scientific principles which underlie all agriculture, but Dr. Stockbridge writes in language so plain that all can understand. He is a man of wide practical, as well as scientific experience, and is always interesting.

The departments of Live Stock, Poultry, Dairying and others are in the hands of experts who can help you.

Mr. Merriam says: "We are going to make every issue of THE RURALIST in 1907 worth a dollar to the reader." We believe him. We have heard a reader of THE RURALIST say that a single article in one issue was worth a hundred dollars to him. That's the kind of a paper you get as a premium when you buy seed from Alexander. It's a good thing that you want to take advantage of now. You need the seeds anyhow and it's worth dollars to you to read THE RURALIST.

THE RURALIST is a Twice-A-Month strictly agricultural paper, containing 24 to 40 pages each issue. The regular subscription price is \$1.00 per year, but through a special agent's arrangement we are able to furnish it to you without extra cost to you on orders of \$1.00 and over. Send **F. J. MERRIAM, Editor and Publisher.**



GETS THE BEST FARM PAPER



Alexander's White Plume Celery.

Alexander's White Plume

The earliest and most easily blanched variety. Our strain of this variety is claimed to be a perfect white and true to type. But few green stalks are found in our strain of White Plume. Requires but little drawing up of earth to properly blanch. Crisp, tender and of that rich nutty flavor so desirable in celery. This variety seems to do especially well in Georgia and South Carolina. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$2.00; postpaid.

Giant Pascal

Large and very strong growing variety especially adapted to our lighter soils. Very solid, crisp, tender and of rich flavor. On rich or highly manured ground it grows $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet high, hence the advisability of planting on lighter soils. Has splendid keeping qualities and is almost rust-proof. A good variety to experiment with for new beginners in celery growing. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.60; postpaid.

Golden Self-Blanching

The great market gardener's variety, grown almost exclusively in the lower South for shipment North. We only advise the use of this variety to experienced growers, as it requires most careful treatment. It is compact in growth, solid, crisp and brittle, self-blanching to a large extent, is early and grows to a good size on rich, highly manured ground. The stalks when ready for market are a beautiful golden yellow color and commands top prices in the market. The seed we offer from this is from France, any other but French-grown being worthless. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, \$1.00; pound, \$3.50; postpaid.

Flavoring Celery

Old celery seed, largely used for flavoring soups, pickles, sauces, etc. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15 cents; pound, 35 cents; postpaid.

That Small Order

Don't think that because your order is small it isn't worth while to send it. We want that order of yours, no matter if it is a ten cent or a ten dollar one, in 1907. They are all welcome and we treat them right.

CELERIAC

(Turnip Rooted Celery)

Produces turnip-shaped roots which may be cooked and sliced and used with vinegar, making a most excellent salad. Also largely used for flavoring.

Erfurt Giant.—Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.50; postpaid.

Large Smooth Prague.—Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 30 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, \$1.00; postpaid.

Corn Salad

Makes a delicious salad for winter use. Sow during fall thickly in drills one foot apart; 1 ounce to 60 feet of drill.

Broad Leaved.—Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Water and Upland Cress

Sow upland cress in shallow drills. Make succession plantings as it runs to seed quickly.

Upland Cress.—Thrives in any good garden soil. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents.

Water Cress.—Deliciously flavored, grows best in shallow water. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 25 cents; ounce, 40 cents.

CELERY

Celery is now being grown more largely every year in the South and bids fair to become a most profitable crop, \$1500.00 per acre not being an unusually large return for crops grown by experienced celery growers. We would not advise any one not having had experience with it to rush into it on a large scale, still, with the large profits being made from it, we would advise our market gardening friends to try it in an experimental way this year.

Culture

For early transplanting sow seed in May or June; for later crops, in July and August and even later further South. Plants should stand in seed beds until 6 inches high. Celery ground should be rich and moist with deep soil. Plant in rows three feet apart, and 6 to 8 inches apart in the row. In our section keep the earth well drawn up as the plants grow to blanch them properly. In the lower parts of the South blanching by boards is necessary, as drawing up the earth causes "rusty" celery which is unsalable. Celery is a heavy feeder and you cannot expect satisfactory celery unless you use plenty of manure or commercial fertilizer. Seed beds should be partly shaded. Matures in from 120 to 150 days, according to season and location.

CHERVIL

This is an aromatic plant, used for seasoning; largely used for flavoring oysters and other soups; can also be cut up with lettuce when served as salad. Is sown in drills or broadcast in October or November for winter and spring use. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.

Endive

One of our best salad plants, very hardy, used like lettuce. Sow thinly in drills in fall or early spring. When well up, thin out to 8 or 10 inches apart. Can also be sown in beds and transplanted like lettuce. When of good size leaves should be tied up so as to blanch centers properly.

Early Green Curled.—Leaves dark green, broad and curly, tender and crisp in quality. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.

Dandelion

Sow seed in any good garden soil in October or November in drills, thinning out afterwards to 6 inches apart. Sow also in early spring.

Improved Large Leaved.—Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ ounce, 30 cents; ounce, 50 cents.

ROASTING EAR CORN

Under this head we list all of the sweet or sugar varieties, and the early and medium varieties which are not, strictly speaking, sweet varieties, but are largely grown for first crop in gardens and early market use. All of these, except Alexander's Snow Flake, require either richer soil or heavier fertilizing than for the field varieties.

It is a matter of common opinion that sweet or sugar corn can not be successfully grown in our section. This is an error. With rich soil or heavy fertilizing they are an entire success for early crops and the superior quality makes it well worth the extra cultivation.

Culture The grains of Sweet Corn are shriveled and can not be planted quite as early as the field varieties. Leaves on the trees should be well out and the ground warm before planting. Make hills 2½ to 3 feet apart each way. Drop 5 or 6 grains in each hill and thin out afterwards to 2 or 3 stalks to the hill, according to the richness of your soil. A continuous supply should be arranged for either by planting early, medium and late varieties, or else by making several plantings at intervals of 10 days. Any rich garden soil will grow sweet corn, and no family that appreciates the best in quality can afford to be without at least a small patch of Sweet Corn.

Adams' Extra Early Not a sweet corn but usually classed with it. Valuable as coming in before any other variety. It is naturally small and unless planted on very rich soil and given high cultivation it will prove a failure. When properly grown it makes ears of fair size. Its greatest value is to the market gardener to bring in ahead of other sorts. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 85 cents; bushel, \$2.75.

Adams' Large Early Similar to Adams' Extra Early, but 10 days later and producing much larger ears. Hardier than any of the sweet corns and can be planted earlier. Has small stalks and can be planted close. More valuable for the market than for home gardens as this, as well as the Extra Early Adams, lack the fineness of flavor found in the sweet varieties. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 85 cents; bushel, \$2.75.

The Country Gentleman Leading growers all over the country declare this variety to be the best quality of all varieties of sweet corn. Our own experience and that of several hundreds of our Augusta gardeners confirm this opinion. It is one of the finest flavored and makes from 3 to 4 good sized ears to the stalk when properly cultivated. Grains are small, much shriveled but very deep. Cob very small. It matures in mid-season, after Adams' Large Early and just before Stowell's Evergreen. This, together with these two varieties, makes a splendid succession for family use, all of them being productive, strong growers, tender and of finest flavor. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Peck, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.25.

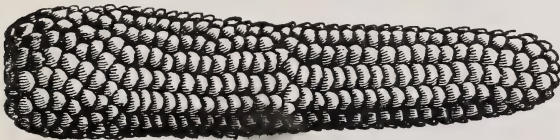
Stowell's Evergreen The standard main crop variety. Ears of large size, long and well filled. Under good cultivation it produces 3 to 4 ears to each stalk. Stalks large and strong. Grains of good size, long and deep; cob small and slender. This variety holds in good eating condition longer than any other and is adapted to all parts of the South for main crop. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.25.

Black Mexican Late, dark grained variety of finest quality for home use. Less subject to attacks of bud worm than other varieties. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; peck, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.25.

Alexander's Snow Flake While properly classed as a field corn, we include it in this list for it makes splendid roasting ears. Of large size with deep grains and of a shape and appearance that make it most salable in our markets. A strong grower, maturing roasting ears in 75 to 80 days and averaging two ears to the stalk. Most valuable either for market or home use. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 60 cents; bushel, \$2.00.

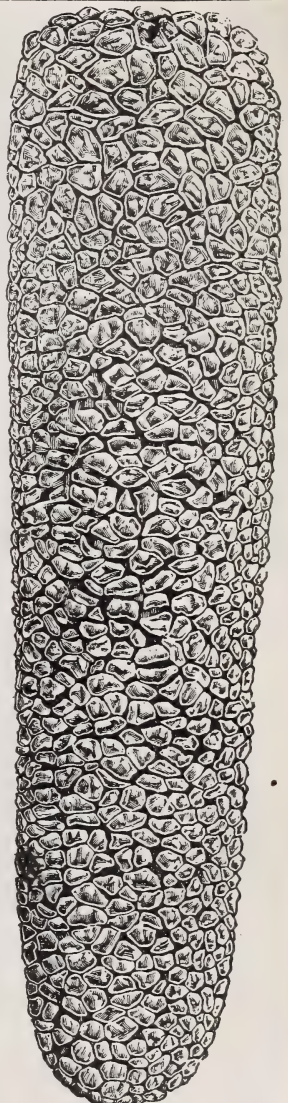
Grow Some Pop Corn for the Boys and Girls

Essentially a child's crop. Let the children have a patch of it this year, furnishing them corn to pop during the long winter evenings.



Golden Queen Long ears with round yellow grains. When popped, the corn is creamy white and a single kernel frequently expands to an inch in diameter. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Peck, by express, \$1.25.

Monarch White Rice Standard white grained variety with slender, round pointed grains. Hard and flinty, popping finely. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Peck, \$1.25 by express.



Country Gentleman.

MONEY MAKER COTTON

Makes Money for Others and Will Make Money for You. See Page 35.

CUCUMBERS FOR THE SOUTH

Culture Cucumbers are very tender and should not be planted until danger of frost is past and ground becomes a little warm. If planted earlier than this they should be protected. Plant in hills 4 feet apart each way, 8 to 10 seeds to each hill. When rough leaves have formed thin out to 4 plants in each hill. 1 ounce of seed plants 80 hills, $1\frac{1}{4}$ pounds per acre.

Early Fortune Cucumber

Southern truck growers have long wanted an extra dark White Spine cucumber for shipping, a cucumber that would hold its dark green color for a long time, a cucumber that stays plump and fresh looking after being carried a thousand miles or so. Early Fortune is of a deep green color and don't show up white color before maturing as do most of the strains of White Spine that have been sold by Northern houses in recent years. This cucumber will please every truck-grower who plants it. Early Fortune is a money-maker for the shipper. Of fine shape, good size, regular growth and extra dark green color. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30 cts.; lb., 90 cts.; postpaid. 10 lbs., not pre-paid, \$7.00.

Long Green or London

An old and favorite variety in the South, largely used for home use and near-by markets and in some sections as a shipper. Fruit extra long and of good size, holding its dark green color until matured. Fine for slicing, being crisp, tender and free from bitterness. When 3 to 4 inches long they make fine pickles. Plant for all seasons. Pkt., 5 cts.; ounce, 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cts.; lb., 75 cts.; postpaid.

Early Frame

Very popular early variety for home gardens in the South. Medium size; good for slicing and, in its smaller stages, makes an excellent pickling variety. Good for home use and near-by markets only. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cts.; lb., 75 cts.; postpaid.

Westerfield's Chicago Pickle

This variety is one to grow for pickling purposes only. While they can be used when full grown for slicing, yet it is pre-eminently a pickling variety and is almost universally grown to supply the large pickle factories all over the country with their stock. Its small size, dark green color and immense productiveness make it a favorite for that purpose.

Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cts.; lb., 75 cts.; postpaid.

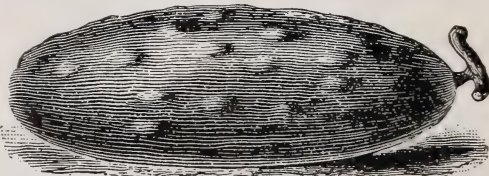
Early Fortune.

Giant Pera

A distinct variety from Asia. Fruits grow to extra large size, sometimes up to 15 to 20 inches in length. Skin is thin while the flesh is unusually thick, the fruits producing but few seeds. Color light green with smooth skin. They are crisp and brittle, and have a very mild flavor. Especially good variety for light, warm soils. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.

Burr or Gherkin

For pickling only. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 20 cts.



Westerfield's Chicago Pickle.

Everbearing Cucumber

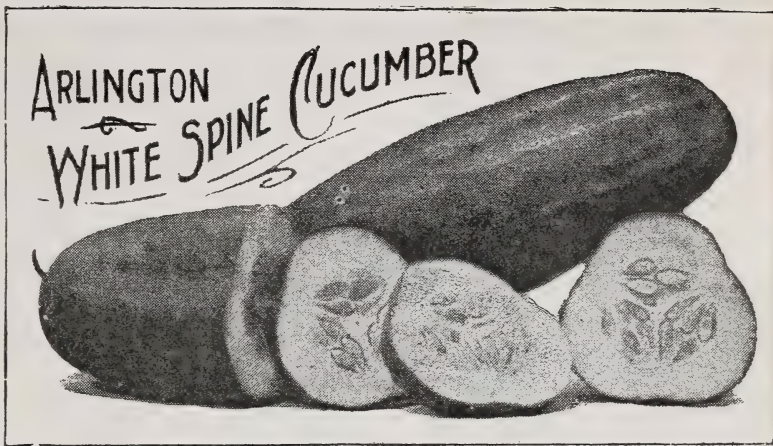
This new variety has proved very useful on account of its everbearing character. The first cucumbers are ready very early; then the vines continue to flower and produce fruit continuously until killed by frost, whether the ripe cucumbers are picked off or not, differing in this respect from all sorts in cultivation. A single vine will exhibit at the same time cucumbers in every stage of growth, the small ones being perfect in shape, of a fine green color, and just the right size for pickling. They are remarkably solid, with few seeds, and of very fine quality both for slicing and pickling. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30 cts.; lb., \$1.00.



A Single Plant of Everbearing Cucumber

Arlington White Spine

By Arlington, we mean the first-class original strain that has given such perfect satisfaction to Southern market gardeners and shippers and not the off color, run out stock so generally sold by Northern seed houses under the name of Arlington in recent years. The true Arlington is one of the finest White Spine strains. Almost every cucumber grown from it is perfect in size, shape and color. Uniformly medium to large in size, just right for a market and slicing cucumber. Can be used when small for pickles. Skin hard and of deep green color.



Plant Arlington. It will both please and pay you. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$5.00.

Early Green Cluster An old favorite, grown mostly for pickles. It is a short, prickly, variety, bearing the fruit in clusters. It is very prolific and makes fine bottle pickles. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Egg-Plant

A most desirable and profitable vegetable crop. In Florida and the lower South sow seeds in hot beds in January. Near Augusta start the beds from February 1st to March 1st. For best germination seeds should have an average temperature of 65 to 70 degrees. For home gardens seed may be sown in boxes about March 1st. When plants have fourth or fifth pair of leaves, set in open ground if danger of frost is past and soil is warm. Set three feet apart each way, cultivate often and keep free from weeds and grass. One ounce of seed makes 1200 plants; 4 ounces plants one acre.

Improved Large Purple Thornless

The standard variety of Egg-Plant for market gardeners and shippers. It gives perfect satisfaction both for market and home use. Our strain of seed is remarkably pure, and streaked or off color fruit is unknown in well cultivated crops. Plants are strong growers, producing 5 to 8 large sized, deep rich purple colored fruit. It is early for a large fruited variety. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 30 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, \$1.00; pound, \$3.50.

BLACK BEAUTY A splendid new early variety, some ten days earlier than the New York Improved. The "eggs" are large and broad, of attractive form and fine flavor. Color is a rich, lustrous purplish black, uniform over the whole fruit. Free from thorns or spines. A heavy bearer and a most attractive market variety. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, \$1.00; pound, \$3.75; postpaid.



Egg-Plant.

KALE OR BORECOLE

More hardy than cabbage and will stand through the entire winter anywhere in the central and lower South. The most finely flavored of all the cabbage family and its quality is greatly improved by frost. Should be planted in every Southern garden for winter "greens." Sow thinly in drills from August to November. Can be sown in beds and transplanted like cabbage if desired.

KOHL RABI

Also known as **Turnip Rooted Cabbage**. Sow in rows 18 to 20 inches apart, thinning out to 8 inches apart in rows when well up. Use when the bulb becomes 2 to 3 inches in diameter.

Early White Vienna—The best variety. Bulbs about the size of an apple when ready for use. Pale whitish green color. They have a delicate cabbage flavor. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.75; postpaid.



Kohl Rabi.

Dwarf Green Extra Curled Scotch Kale

Is generally considered the best all around variety for use in our section. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid.

Dwarf German Green An extra hardy variety, very popular with market gardeners. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid.

LEEK

Culture of leek is about the same as onions. Sow either in early fall or spring. Sow in beds or drills and when 6 inches high transplant in rows, setting as deep as possible without covering center leaves.

Mammoth American Flag—Our best variety and very popular. Hardy through winter in our section. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.



Flag Leek.

Best Lettuce for Southern Gardens

Lettuce can be sown almost every month in the year in our section. If you have hot beds or even cold frames you can produce fine big heads all through the winter months. In Florida and along the Gulf Coast it is grown as an open ground crop through the winter months. The best way to grow lettuce is to sow seed thickly in rich earth and when plants are well up transplant in rows 2 feet apart, placing plants 6 inches apart in the row. Use rich ground or else fertilize heavily. If you want crisp, tender lettuce, free from bitterness, the growth must be rapid. If lettuce is grown in above manner and head varieties used, you will not fail to make good heads. Sow 1 ounce of seed for 200 feet of row; 3 pounds per acre.



New York or Wonderful Lettuce.

NEW YORK OR WONDERFUL CABBAGE LETTUCE

A prime favorite for all home and nearby market gardeners. It is really a crisp leaved variety that forms perfect heads of large size, two to three-pound heads being nothing unusual on rich soils. Very tender and free from bitterness. Outside leaves are of a rather light green shade, while the inside of the head is almost pure white. A good sort for either spring or fall planting in all parts of the South. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.

Improved Hanson A crisp leaved market gardener's favorite and much used in home gardens. Heads of medium size and of good quality. Splendid for spring, late summer and early fall. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00.

Denver Market Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00.

CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER OR ROYAL SUMMER CABBAGE LETTUCE

A splendid variety of big heading lettuce, good for open ground plantings at all seasons of the year. Fine sort for market gardeners and shippers. Heads are large and solid, the inside blanching to a beautiful cream yellow when properly grown. Outside leaves a medium shade of green. It is always crisp and tender with a rich buttery taste. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid. 5 pounds, \$5.00.

Tennis Ball A favorite for forcing under glass during winter. Makes small but solid heads with few outer leaves and can be planted close. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00.

Trianon (Cos) Our new French variety of Cos Lettuce. Heads long, conical and large: has a crispness and tenderness peculiarly its own. Tie up the heads to blanch properly. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.

Black Seeded Simpson A market gardener's variety of decided merit and is also used in home gardens because of its heat resisting qualities. It stands burning sun without serious injury. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.



Big Boston Lettuce.

Big Boston

The standard market and shipping variety; grown almost exclusively in some sections. It is an extra large, round, firm heading sort and stays in fine condition long after being cut, thus making it a fine market and shipping variety. Heads well at all seasons and is a favorite with our market as well as home gardeners. Its quality is of the best, being firm, tender and crisp. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid. 5 pounds, \$5.00.

Iceberg

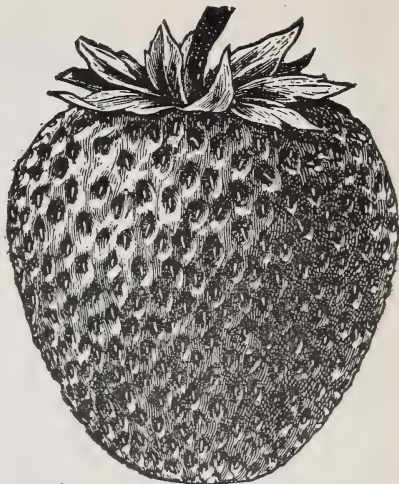
A beautiful, crisp leaved lettuce. Grows a long time before running to seed in the spring, yet always crisp and tender. Splendid for either open ground or forcing in frames. Heads hard, of conical shape and medium size. Inside of heads white, outer leaves light green. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.25.

Alexander's Home Garden Collection

Right here in the midst of the vegetable list we want to remind you of strawberries. No home garden is complete without them and there is nothing that gives so much pleasure and satisfaction as a good bed of strawberries. Easily grown anywhere in the South, they are within the reach of every one to whom this catalogue goes.

After years of careful tests this Home Garden Collection has been selected as being the very best varieties to give the best of quality combined with greatest quantity and running through the entire strawberry season. Three hundred plants, well cultivated, will give any ordinarily sized family a plentiful supply of most delicious berries. This "Home Garden Collection" consists of 100 plants each of Excelsior Extra Early, Lady Thompson (medium early and long bearing) and Gandy (late). These 300 plants will be sent, all charges prepaid, to any of the offices of the Southern Express Co. for \$1.50, or to any office reached by any of the other express companies for \$1.75. Order them early and get them started before hot weather comes.

If you don't want as many as 300 plants, we will send 50 plants of each of the three varieties named, postpaid for \$1.00. In ordering this Collection call for "Alexander's Dollar Strawberry Collection."



Excelsior Extra Early.

Gourds

furnish many useful household articles, and are easily grown anywhere in the South. Care should be taken not to grow them near squash and pumpkins, as they cross easily, and make the squash intensely bitter. They should be grown where they have a chance to climb on fences or trellises for best results. They are all good climbers and make good shades for porches.



Japanese Nest Egg

This small white fruited variety will give you a plentiful supply of durable nest eggs. They are light, and when properly dried resemble eggs very closely and are uninjured by cold or wet. Do not plant in very rich soil or the fruit will be too large. Packet, 10 cents.

Sugar Trough

This immense gourd can be used for innumerable purposes about the farm. With the top or neck sawed off it can be used for buckets, soap dishes, hens' nest or water dishes for poultry. Packet, 10 cents.

The Dipper

One of the most useful. For making long-handled dippers it is unexcelled, and there are but few who do not agree that water drank from a gourd dipper on a hot day quenches thirst as no other drink can. Packet, 10 cents.

Dishcloth

The growth of this variety is smaller, with rich dark green foliage. The fruits resemble somewhat a very large cucumber and do not have the hard shell of the preceding varieties. They should be allowed to hang on the vines until well ripened, when the skin can be removed and the fibrous or sponge-like interior be taken out, cleansed and dried. This is porous, tough, elastic and durable, and is highly esteemed for use in sponge baths and for dishcloths. Per packet, 10 cents.

Hercules or Club Gourd

Immense gourd, a great curiosity, often growing 4 to 5 feet long. Packet, 10 cents.

MUSTARD

New Chinese

A splendid variety from China. Is the earliest, has the largest leaves and is the mildest in flavor of all the varieties listed. Perfectly hardy at Augusta. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents.

Giant Southern Curled or Creole

The old standard Southern variety, more generally used than any other. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid.

Ostrich Plume

An improved Southern Curled, leaves much more curled than the old variety. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 20 cents; pound, 65 cents; postpaid.

White and Brown Mustard

Either: Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 15 cents; pound, 35 cents; postpaid.



\$100.00 PER ACRE

Our Money Maker
Cotton will do it.
See page 35.

Cantaloupes or Muskmelons.

Culture

These should be more largely grown for home use and nearby markets than they now are in the South. Thousands of acres are planted for shipment. Why not furnish our home demand as well? Cantaloupes do best in light warm soils that contain plenty of vegetable matter. In heavy soils plant where cow peas or a similar crop has been grown the year before. Plant as soon as danger from frost is past in hills 6 feet apart each way. Plant 10 to 12 seeds to each hill to make sure of a stand. When first rough leaves show thin out to 2 plants in each hill. Work the soil frequently until the plants begin to run. After that pull up weeds by hand. Well rotted stable manure is the best fertilizer, but if this is not obtainable use one pound of high grade vegetable fertilizer to each hill using care to thoroughly mix with soil and have it far enough down so that seed does not come in contact with the fertilizer when planted.



cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 90 cents; postpaid. 10 pound lots or over, not prepaid, at 70 cents per pound.

Augusta Market

This exceptionally fine melon was introduced by us in 1896. In this cantaloupe we get uniformly large size melons of regular shape. Flesh of greenish white color, granular in texture, well netted, and the rich, spicy sweet flavor so desirable in cantaloupes, and so seldom found. You will find all the desirable qualities of the nutmeg class combined with large size in the Augusta Market. Melons weigh eight to twelve pounds each and a more delicious melon we never tasted. Seed supply very limited. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.75; postpaid.

The Banquet

A fine melon for the South. A medium sized melon of perfectly round shape. Its skin is densely netted over the entire surface, making it almost impervious to the attacks of squash borer and like insect pests. It is exceedingly prolific and of excellent quality. The foliage is very dense, shading the melons; almost entirely free from sun scald. It is almost insect and sun-proof. A most excellent all round variety for either home use or shipment. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00.

Extra Early Hackensack

A favorite large extra early melon of fine flavor that does well for early crops. Weighs 5 to 8 pounds. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00.

Throwing Away Money

A man throwing away money in the middle of the road would be considered crazy. Millions of farmers in all parts of the country throw away the chance to double their crops and money every year. They won't use the best seed of the best varieties. The farmer who plants Alexander's seeds and varieties is finding money, not throwing it away.

The Rocky Ford

Is now the most popular and valuable EARLY cantaloupe grown in the South either for home use or market. Thousands of acres of this variety are grown every year for northern shipment. Our illustration shows its heavy netting and regularly ribbed form. It has thick green meat of the most excellent flavor. It is just the right size for shipping or market use (packing 45 to the crate) and it is the earliest of all good quality cantaloupes. For home use you will find it most desirable.

The greatest possible care is taken in the production of our seed of this variety. It comes from the Rocky Ford, Colorado, district which has the reputation of producing the finest cantaloupes in the world. The greatest possible care is taken to save seed only from perfect melons of the standard size and if you plant Alexander's seed of the Rocky Ford you will have a crop that you will be proud of. It's the seed that will produce a paying crop for you no matter whether you grow for market or home use.

There are thousands of pounds of Rocky Ford seed on the market saved from the Southern and Colorado crops after shipping season ends. It is offered at almost any price and we have refused dozens of offers of this class of seed this past summer and fall. Look out for this class of seed. You cannot afford to plant it if given to you. Our seed is from crops grown exclusively for seed purposes and it is the best that you can buy. It is extra select seed. Packet



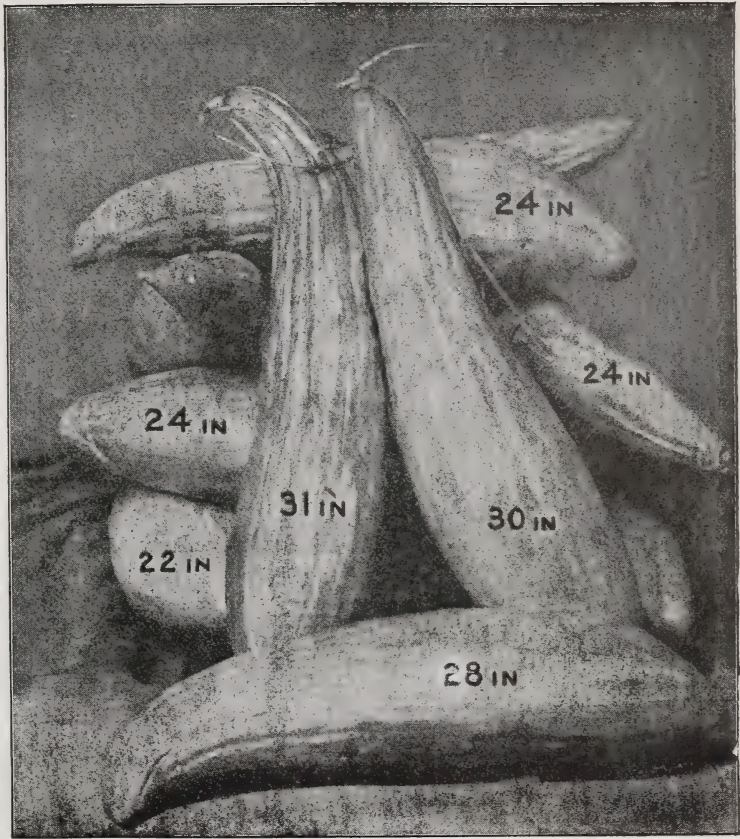
The Banquet Cantaloupe.

Banana Muskmelon

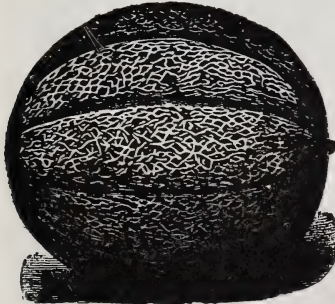
We have, after many years effort, secured a supply of seed of the true Banana Muskmelon with its fine banana-like flavor. The illustration, taken from a photograph of the melons produced on a single vine in our seed crop, shows the shape and length of our first-class strain. Just think of melons 24 to 31 inches long. Banana will grow and make on poorer land than any other variety and will stand summer sun without injury and furnish you melons long after all other varieties are gone. It should be in every home garden in the South, both for its fine eating qualities and for late use. Our seed supply is very limited. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 65 cents; postpaid.

Netted Gem

This melon is just the same as our famous Rocky Ford except in shape, which is perfectly round. The melons are extra early, very regular in size and shape, well ribbed and heavily netted. Flesh is very thick, fine flavored and greenish color. Very desirable for either home or market use. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.



From a Single Vine of Panama Muskmelon.



The Nixon.

The Nixon

Our famous Augusta variety which originated here and has for years been the favorite large cantaloupe in our city. Combining large size with finest flavor it is one of the best of all cantaloupes. For years we have kept this melon pure by the most careful selection. Often weighs 8 to 12 pounds. Is almost round shape, rough, deeply netted skin; thick meat of the richest possible flavor and sweetness. It is purely



Early Netted Gem.

a Southern melon and has no equal for a main crop melon in the South. Wherever known it brings a fancy price in market. Seed supply very limited. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$2.00; postpaid.

Montreal Market

Next to the Nixon we consider this the best of the large varieties. Fine spicy flavor. In shape almost round, but flattened at each end. Grows to large size (10 to 15 pounds), but requires the best of cultivation. Skin green, deeply ribbed and well netted. Flesh very thick, light green and very sweet. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

\$100 for \$1

Very few people realize the actual cash value of a good home garden. A Dollar's worth of good seed, carefully selected and planted in good garden ground and cultivated will make for your use good fresh vegetables that any city man has to pay out at least \$100 for during the season. The good garden pays as a source of food. It pays as a preventive of sickness. It pays in making you feel better able to make the most of your opportunities. It don't cost much to start it and it can be kept going by the use of a small amount of spare time. Plant a good garden. It pays and pays big.

Georgia Watermelon Seed

Is the finest in the world and we are situated right here in the very centre of the best watermelon lands of Georgia. The Augusta section is the one that made Georgia famous as a watermelon growing State and our fancy selected seed is grown for us strictly in the Augusta District. No other section produces such fine melons as this; nowhere does the seed reach such perfect development; nowhere are there melon growers that take such pride in careful selection to preserve the purity of strain.

Now a word of caution about melon seed. Our seed is from crops grown exclusively for seed. Not a melon is sold or shipped from our fields. The fancy seed is saved only from large melons of perfect shape. You get the best that it is possible to produce when you buy from us. It is our great specialty.

Don't be fooled into buying "cheap" melon seed. There are tens of thousands of pounds of "cull" seed saved from Southern shipping crops every year, seed from the refuse melons. It is offered at from 25 to 40 cents per pound, but not a pound of it is fit to plant if you want good melons. We don't sell that kind of seed. We have none but the best seed that will make you good crops of large, perfect melons.

Culture Melons do best in a rich, sandy loam soil, but where this is not obtainable they can be grown on clay lands on warm, sunny hillsides. The best fertilizer is well rotted stable manure. The hills should be 8 to 10 feet apart each way. Give deep plowing and thorough cultivation, reducing the soil to a fine condition. Watermelons do not root very deeply, but they do spread. In applying fertilizer spread it to a considerable distance, say 3 feet out from the center of each hill. It is well to encourage this natural tendency to spread the roots. Where it is necessary to use commercial fertilizer use one as near the following formula as possible: Nitrogen, 3 per cent.; Potash, 8 per cent.; Phosphoric Acid (available), 8 per cent. This formula has given the best results on melon lands. Use 2 to 3 pounds of the above formula to each hill, working it in and mixing thoroughly with the soil. This should be done 10 days to 2 weeks before the seed is planted. First plantings can be made as soon as soil gets warm in the spring, and succession plantings can be made up to June in this latitude. Plant 8 to 10 seeds in each hill, thinning out after the rough leaves have formed, to the 2 strongest plants in each hill. Cultivate lightly until runners come out well into the middles. If large weeds come up, cut them off. Do not pull them up, as it disturbs both the roots and the vines. The vines after they begin to run should never be moved or disturbed. It always injures the crop. When there are plenty of blooms on the plants pinch off the ends of the runners. Where extra large melons are desired leave only 1 plant to each hill and only 1 or 2 melons on each vine.

7-Ounce Melon Collection 50 Cents, Postpaid. One ounce each of Fancy Selected Augusta Rattlesnake, Harris' Earliest, Carolina Bradford, Pride of Georgia, Duke Jones, Seminole Watermelon and Rocky Ford Cantaloupe delivered by mail for 50 cents. At full catalogue prices this splendid collection would cost you 85 cents. It gives you an all season's supply, early, medium and late melons. Send now.



Alexander's Fancy Select Augusta Rattlesnake

Our Augusta Rattlesnake is the finest main crop watermelon in the world, the variety that made Georgia famous as a melon growing State, and the Augusta section is the only one where it is grown in all its old time purity. It's a standard in every Southern market, selling easily when other varieties won't move. It has a specially sweet flavor all its own, making the most delicious eating on hot summer days. Melons grown from Augusta seed are large, often reaching 70 pounds. Other varieties do not sell on this market when "Rattlesnakes" are to be had. It has taken numerous prizes at fairs and expositions and is known everywhere as the finest of all main crop melons. There are few people in the South that don't know the Rattlesnake watermelon, but there are very few of them that know just how large, sweet and fine flavor they are unless they have had them grown from fancy select seed from Augusta section. We have the right seed. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid. 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$10.00.

Harris' Earliest

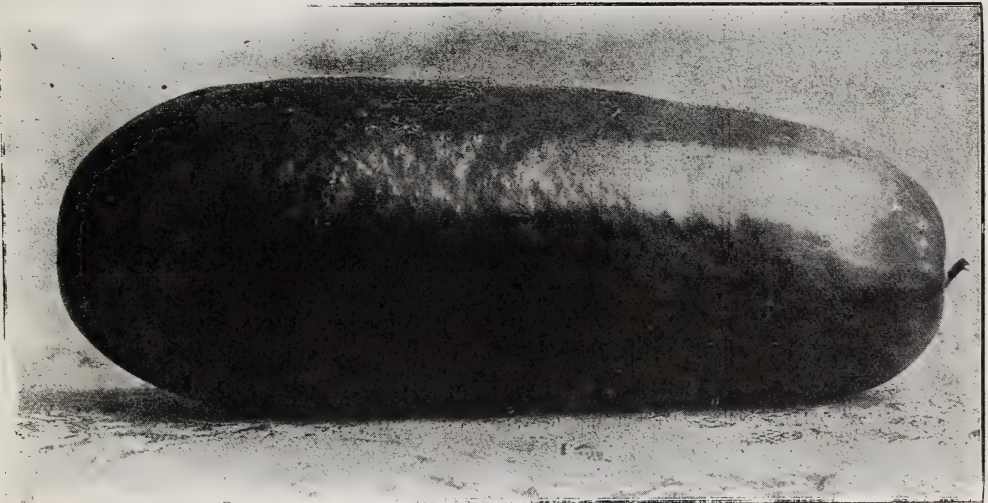
Earliest good watermelon. An oval shaped melon originating in Tennessee. Beautifully striped with dark green and gray. It is an extra early, hardy and a fine shipper; melons running from 20 to 30 pounds each and combining good shipping qualities with good eating qualities, something rare. Flesh is bright red, tender, sweet and delicious. Matures around Augusta about June 10th and continues to produce splendid melons until August. Its extreme earliness, fine appearance and superb table qualities make it a splendid seller in market at top prices. Our seed of this is grown for us by Mr. Harris, the originator. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid. 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$8.00.

Augusta Sugar Loaf

A favorite in our local markets. An extra long greenish white melon with crisp, tender, red flesh and very thin rind. Very large, often weighing 60 to 70 pounds. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.



Harris' Earliest Watermelon.

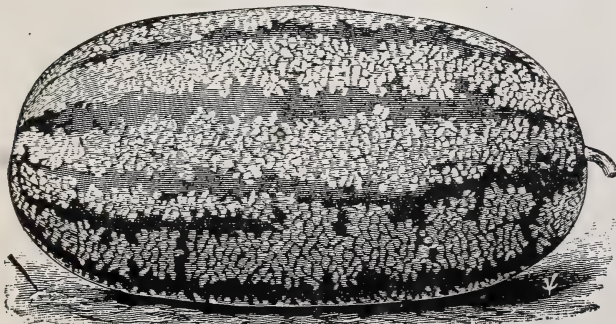


The Watson Melon This magnificent melon originating in the Augusta section was introduced by us last year and we have hundreds of pleased customers who report it the most satisfactory melon they ever planted. It certainly went far beyond our expectations. It has done especially well in Florida, Georgia and the Carolinas. It's a long, solid,

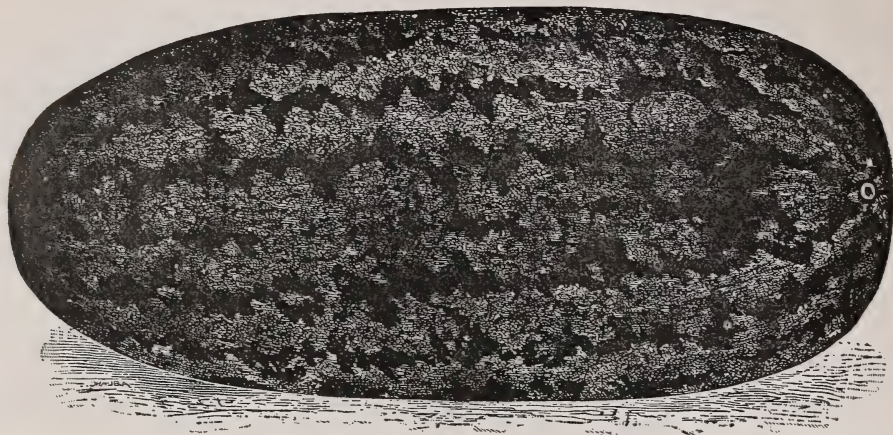
dark green melon of large size with red flesh of the most tender and delicious eating qualities. It matures for main crop; is a splendid melon both for Southern markets and home use. Brings double the price that other melons do on the market. It pays to plant it. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$1.75.

Carolina Bradford

Distinctively a home and nearby market melon and a great favorite with thousands of our customers in the Carolinas. Introduced by us in 1896 it at once became a favorite, pleasing every one who planted it. It's a strong, healthy grower. Melons are of medium size; 25 to 30 pounds; dark green striped with lighter green; flesh red and exceedingly sweet and tender. If you want the sweetest melon grown plant our Carolina Bradford. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00.



Carolina Bradford Watermelon.



Selected Florida Favorite Watermelon.

Florida Favorite A most popular medium sized, smooth, early melon of beautiful shape, as shown in our engraving. In color it is dark green slightly striped with lighter green, making a handsome appearance in market. Considerably used for "topping off" cars of the strictly shipping varieties, such as Blue Gem, Kolb Gem, etc. Flesh is red, very crisp, tender, juicy and sweet. Seed white. Rind is of medium thickness. It is one of the most prolific melons known, and is generally grown for home use and near by markets in all parts of the South. It stands up well in hot weather and is generally considered one of the surest and most popular varieties to plant. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 90 cents; postpaid. 10 pound lots and over, not prepaid, at 70 cents per pound.

Kleckley Sweet Another popular and early melon, a favorite wherever known for home and near by market use. Vines strong and vigorous, melons of medium size and oblong form, being 18 to 24 inches long and 10 to 12 inches through. Skin is a very deep, rich, dark green, making a handsome appearance in market. Flesh is bright red, ripening up close to the skin, the rind seldom being over $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick. Flesh is crisp, extra sweet and melting, entirely free from stringiness. Undoubtedly one of the best early table melons grown. No garden is complete without it. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00. 10 pound lots and over, not postpaid, at 75 cents per pound.

Seminole A splendid melon from Florida found originally among the Seminole Indians. It is the earliest of the long varieties, sometimes green and sometimes gray. Seeds brown, flesh red, very tender and sweet. One of the best Southern melons. Fine for home use and near by markets. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Duke Jones Also known as "Jones Jumbo." A melon of North Florida origin of good quality and makes a good shipper as well. Has thin, tough, dark green rind, bright red flesh, light colored seed. Eating quality good. Slightly oblong shape, very thick through, regular in shape and size. Makes fine appearance for either shipping or local markets and is a desirable melon for all purposes. An extra early variety. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 70 cents; postpaid. 10 pound lots or over, not prepaid, at 50 cents per pound.

Alabama Sweet Immensely popular shipping melon, especially in the Southwestern States where it has taken the place of all others for a market melon. It sells on sight and its eating qualities are of the best. In shipping it is an extra early like the Seminole, coming in the earliest of any of the medium to large sized shipping melons. It is the only extra early long shipping variety. Flesh is fine grained, crisp, solid and free from stringiness. If you want a long shaped extra early shipping melon Alabama Sweet is the right variety for you. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid. 10 pounds or over, not prepaid, at \$7.50.



Blue Gem or Gloussier

Really a blue Kolb Gem and far superior to the old Kolb Gem. It has all the good shipping characteristics of the Kolb Gem and much handsomer appearance in market. Dark bluish green color. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 70 cents; postpaid. 10 pound lots or over, not prepaid, at 50 cents per pound.

Kolb Gem Standard variety for shipping North. Too well known to need description. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid. 10 pound lots and over, not prepaid, at 40 cents per pound.

Pride of Georgia Old time favorite Georgia variety. For home use and local markets. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 70 cents; postpaid.

The Eden

A splendid new shipping watermelon extensively planted in the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida. Fifteen hundred acres of Eden were planted at one point in Florida last season. In general appearance it closely resembles Kolb Gem, but it has light colored seed and a sweetness of flesh almost equal to our Augusta Rattlesnake. This combination of excellent eating and shipping qualities makes it a quick seller at high prices on northern markets. If you grow for shipment the Eden should interest you. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid. 10 pound lots or over, 50 cents per pound, not prepaid.

Rattlesnake

This is the Georgia Rattlesnake as generally sold. It averages much smaller than our Augusta Rattlesnake and is not equal to it in quality. Melons will run 20 to 30 pounds in weight. If you want small Rattlesnakes and a great many of them, plant this. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 65 cents; postpaid.



New Watermelon—The Eden.

Triumph, the Biggest of All

If you want to grow the biggest melons in your section plant the Triumph. One specimen raised in South Georgia weighed 159 pounds; 60 to 75 pound melons are common with this variety. It is early, extra large, sweet and of fair flavor. Stands shipment well. One grower gathered 2418 melons from $2\frac{1}{2}$ acres, each melon weighing 40 pounds or over. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 65 cents. 10 pound lots or over at 50 cents per pound.

The Jones or Philip Jones

This big melon originated with the late Philip Jones, of Burke county, Georgia, and is known under both the name of Jones and Philip Jones melon. Color of the skin is a solid dark green and the flesh is a very bright red, being particularly sweet, juicy and melting and free from stringiness. In shape it is almost round and has the peculiarity of almost always lying on the blossom end while growing. Melons average large to very large, often weighing 70 to 80 pounds. Wherever it has been grown it's a favorite. Its eating quality is superb. For home use it is very good and for near by markets its handsome appearance makes it an easy seller at good prices. You will be pleased with it if you grow it. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Seeds by Mail Postpaid.

Remember

The prices given in this catalogue include postage prepaid on packets, ounces, quarter pound, pound, pint or quart except where noted. These prices deliver the seeds at your postoffice.

OKRA OR GUMBO

A most popular and healthful Southern vegetable which should be in every garden. Easily grown and bears until frost. Sow 1 ounce to 50 feet of row, 10 pounds per acre. Plant same time as cotton.

White Velvet

Our strain of this is especially fine with smooth, round pods, free from ridges and not prickly. Seed crop very short this year. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid.

Perkins' Mammoth Long Podded

The finest green okra, the favorite for shipping and market purposes. Pods are an intense green in color, unusually long, nine to ten inches, very slim and do not get hard like other varieties. It is wonderfully prolific, the pods shooting out close to the bottom of the stalk and the whole plant is covered with them to a height of 5 or 6 feet. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid. 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$4.50.

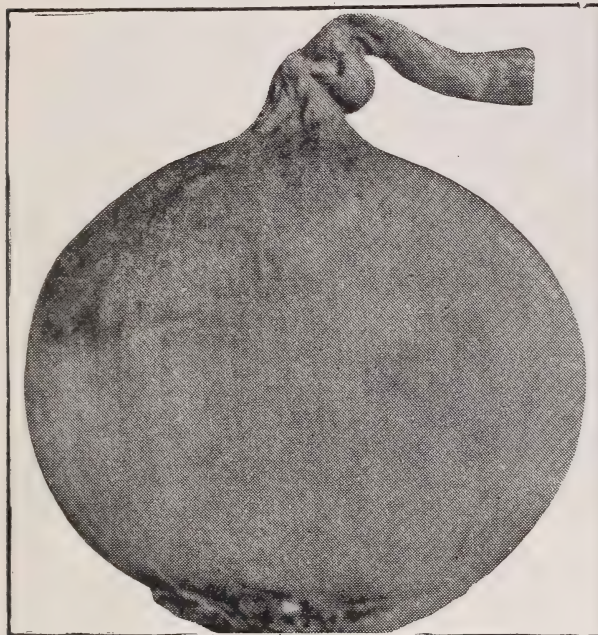
Dwarf Green Prolific

An old-time favorite that is popular. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 50 cents; postpaid.



WHITE VELVET OKRA

Onions for Spring Planting



Alexander's Prizetaker Onion.

Alexander's American Prizetaker

Our Prizetaker is one of the best onions for our section. Ours is strictly American seed and must not be confused with the low priced imported seed of this variety so commonly sold. Our illustration, reproduced from a photograph, shows its exact shape. In size it is large to extra large, specimens weighing 4 to 5 pounds having been grown direct from seed in one season. Ripens up hard and firm and presents a most handsome appearance. Outside is a light straw color, inside white. Flesh fine grained and of mild flavor. A first-class keeper, staying in perfect condition for months after harvest. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.75; postpaid.

Large Red Wethersfield A standard American variety and an easy one to grow. Grows to full size from seed. In color it is a deep red, almost round, and of large size. In flavor it is strong. Firm, fine grained and a good keeper. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.

Yellow Globe Danvers One of the most largely grown American varieties. Globe shape and of light yellow color, presenting a handsome appearance in market. Very hardy, standing almost zero temperature without injury. Flesh fine grained; very firm and solid and rather strong but not so much so as the Wethersfield. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.



Australian Brown.

Culture Onions can be grown to full size in the South direct from seed if planted in January and February in protected beds and transplanted to open ground as soon as ground can be worked in the spring. Too little attention is paid to onion growing as a money crop in the South and it is one of the most profitable crops that can be grown.

If wanted for pulling green, sow seed at rate of 1 ounce to 150 feet of drill in earliest spring, covering seed about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch. Give shallow but frequent cultivation, keeping entirely free from grass and weeds. As plants grow thin out to 3 inches apart and when grown large enough for use green pull out every other one allowing the rest to grow to full size. Onions require rich soil and do better when grown on same ground year after year. If you are interested in onions as a money crop write for our special pamphlet on onions. It's free if you ask for it and contains much valuable information.

Mam. Silver King Immense white Italian variety largely used in the South for home gardens and by market gardeners for pulling when partly grown. The bulbs often weigh 2 to 4 pounds each under good cultivation. It is admirably adapted to the Southern States. Skin and flesh pure white and so mild that it can be eaten raw like an apple. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 70 cents; pound, \$2.25 postpaid.

Australian Brown This new onion has fairly leaped into popularity. Adapted to the entire South. Is of neat, round shape, as shown in our illustration. Medium size with a skin of deep amber brown, distinct from all other onions. Extremely hard and firm and of fine flavor. The best keeper of all; specimens have been kept in perfect condition over a year. Plant some Australian Brown this spring and you will be pleased with it. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.

White Silverskin The most popular pure white variety in our section. Most desirable for home garden use and a good market onion. Medium early, very large, rather mild, with a most beautiful silvery white skin. This is the variety principally used for growing the white onion sets on our markets. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$2.00; postpaid.

Money Maker Cotton Will double your yield per acre without an extra dollar for labor or fertilizer.

Alexander's Bermuda Onions

These are the finest flavored and mildest of all onions and adapted to all parts of the South for spring planting, except Texas and Florida, where seed is sown in October. Try a few Bermudas this spring if you like mild onions. We sell thousands of pounds of this seed to Texas and Florida growers every year. The market crop alone sells for more than a million dollars every year.

Bermuda White This is the variety that forms the great shipping crops of Florida, Texas and Bermuda. Its name is misleading as it is really a light straw color. Is of flat shape, and of the finest flavor; so mild that it can be eaten from the hand like an apple. Supply of seed is limited. Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 75 cents; pound, \$2.75; postpaid.

ONIONS A CASH CROP

The South is always in the market for onions. Always good for a dollar a bushel or more. 800 to 500 bushels per acre. Ask for our Onion Pamphlet. Free if you ask.



Extra Early Bloomsdale White Pearl An extra early pure white onion of very mild flavor. Therein lies its only value. For home and market gardens it is valuable in limited quantities for pulling green or for an immediate marketing. It is the poorest keeper of any onion we know of and should not be planted with a view of keeping or shipment. It is almost as mild as the Bermuda varieties. Should not be planted on as rich soil as other onions. Packet, 5 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 75 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.

Extra Early Red An extra early red American variety. Smaller, closer grained than the Red Wethersfield and one of the best keeping sorts. Flavor strong. Packet, 5 cents; ounce 15 cents; ¼ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.25.



White Multipliers.

White Multiplier Onion Sets Also known as potato onions. The favorite for first plantings to make onions for pulling green, early. Of silvery white color; enormously productive, a single bulb planted having produced as many as 20 bulbs in a single cluster. Most excellent quality for a green bunching onion or can be ripened to use as a pickling onion. Their most important quality is their extreme earliness, coming in ready for use weeks ahead of anything else. Pint, 15 cents; quart, 30 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 90 cents; bushel (32 pounds), \$3.00. Write for prices on large quantities.

White Silver Skin Onion Sets The popular ordinarily sold as "White Onion Sets" by dealers. Onions grown from these are larger and milder than the yellow. Pint, 15 cents; quart, 25 cents; postpaid; Peck, not prepaid, 90 cents; bushel (32 pounds), about \$3.00. Write for close price if wanted in quantities.

Yellow Danvers Onion Sets The hardiest of all the ordinary varieties of onion sets. While not the earliest they are a good all-round very productive variety that will give you thoroughly satisfactory results. Pint, 15 cents; quart, 25 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 85 cents; bushel (32 pounds), \$2.75. Write for closest market prices on larger quantities

PARSNIP

Sugar or Hollow Crown—Best all-round variety of parsnips for the South. The leaves start from a small depression in the crown, giving it the name. Rich, sweet flavor, very productive. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 20 cents; pound, 50 cents.

PARSLEY

The most popular plant for garnishing for which purpose it is most largely used; also used for flavoring soups. A ready seller at hotels. For spring and summer use plant in late winter or earliest spring.

Plain Leaved Parsley—Is a very hardy strong growing variety, not ornamental, but grown for "seasoning" exclusively. A favorite in many home gardens. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 20 cents; pound, 50 cents; postpaid.

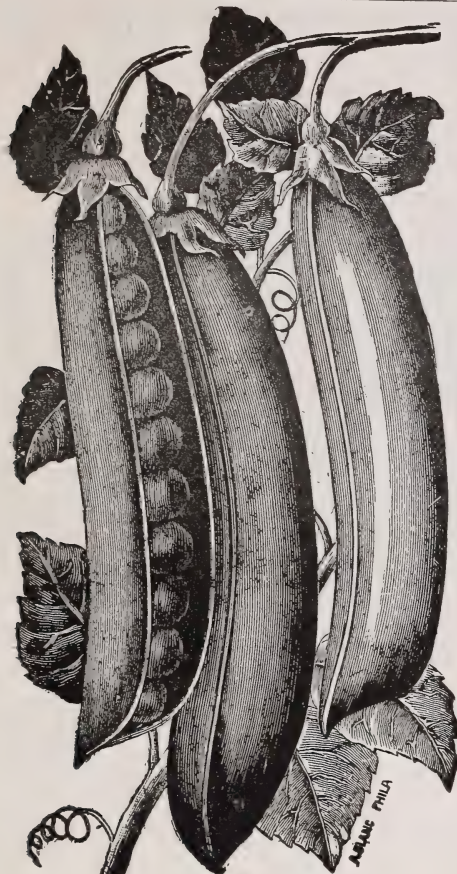
DOUBLE MOSS CURLED PARSLEY

The most ornamental of all the curled varieties and a favorite in the home garden as well as being used exclusively by market gardeners to supply our hotels and markets. It is easily grown and should be in every garden. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 20 cents; pound, 65 cents; postpaid.



Moss Curled Parsley.

FOR 20 YEARS
ALEXANDER'S
SEEDS HAVE
PLEASED



Premier Extra Early Peas.

Pride of Georgia In this new variety, which we introduced last season, we have one that will be pleasing and profitable to every home garden and to every market gardener who markets in local or near by markets. It belongs to the second early class and here in Georgia it is the heaviest of all bearers—one that we can well take pride in. It's a stocky grower, 20 to 24 inches in height and does not require staking. It comes in just after our Extra Early and continues in bearing four or five weeks. Pods are large and well filled out, containing usually 8 to 10 peas, very tender and of a delicious flavor. It's just what you need for a mid-season pea, combining strong but compact growth, great prolificness and the finest in quality. The home gardener will always want it, the market gardener's customers will insist on having it. It is one of those wrinkled varieties of peas that melt in your mouth. Plant at least a few of them between February 15th and March 15th. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents; postpaid. Peck, \$1.10; bushel, \$4.00.

Improved Telephone

Finest tall growing wrinkled pea. Grows 4 to 5 feet high and must be staked or brushed. Very productive, each plant bearing 25 to 30 large pods, fully filled with large size peas of delicious flavor. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.10; bushel, \$4.25.

Garden or English Peas

Garden or English Peas are constantly becoming more popular for both market and home use in the South. Any of the extra early varieties and marrowfats can be planted from January to March 15th in our section. The second earlies and the late varieties plant February 15th to March 15th. Plant 1 quart to 100 feet of drills; 2 bushels per acre.

Large Packets We have discontinued the small 5 cent packet of peas and beans by mail and now have 10 cent packets only, these containing nearly four ounces of seed. Smaller quantities than this of peas and beans are almost useless.

Premier Extra Early Earliest of all garden peas and far better adapted to our Southern soil and climatic conditions than any of the extra earlies from Northern seed houses. It's the best pea of its class for Southern plantings. Very strong, vigorous grower for an extra early, a heavy bearer and good sized pods crowded with well developed peas of good quality. If you want an extra early pea to make a paying crop, Premier Extra Early is your right variety. It comes quick and bears heavy. With good cultivation it's a week ahead of Landreth's Extra Early, Morning Star, First and Best and others. Grow without bushing. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.50.

Alaska Extra Early More largely planted each year for an extra early, especially by home gardeners and those who grow for local markets through the South. Three or four days later than Premier Extra Early, a little heavier cropper and of much better quality than any of the other extra early round seeded sorts. In quality it closely approaches that of the late wrinkled varieties. Seeds are of light bluish shade. It makes a splendid shipper and is being largely used as a shipping variety in many sections. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.75.

First and Best Also sold under the name of First in the Market, First of All, Philadelphia Extra Early, etc. In earliness it comes in about three days after Alaska; is a fairly strong grower (about 22 to 24 inches) and a good bearer. Is largely planted by gardeners along the coast. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.50.

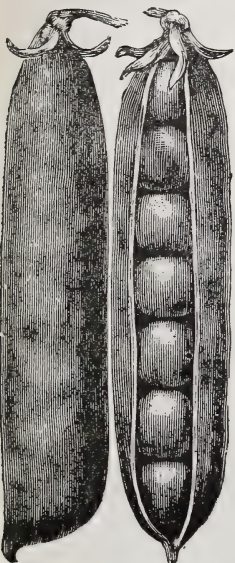


Pride of Georgia Peas.

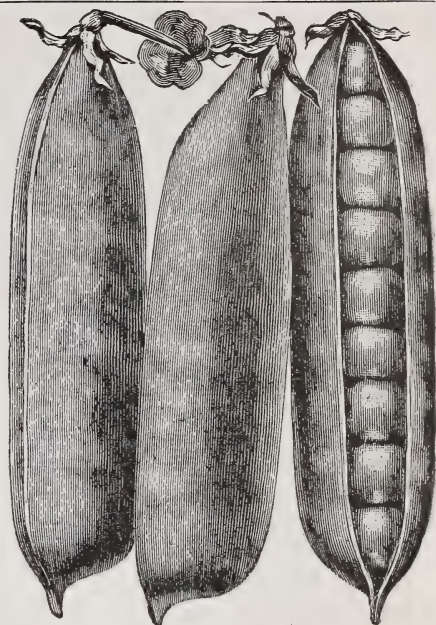
Extra Early Surprise Also known as Eclipse. Our new extra early wrinkled pea. It ranks with the earliest; vines grow 20 to 24 inches high and require no "brushing." Its extreme earliness, its sweetness, tenderness and flavor and its heavy bearing qualities make it a leader. See natural size of the pods in our engraving. While the pods are a little smaller than the American Wonder, yet the Surprise outbears that famous variety two to one. Don't fail to try a few in your garden this year. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents; postpaid. Peck, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.50.

Durban's Market Garden

In this we have one that gives universal satisfaction, both to the market and home gardener who wants a "quality" pea combining earliness and heavy bearing. No other extra early pea combines so many good qualities. It's of the American Wonder class, a dwarf, wrinkled extra early, but earlier, larger podded and wonderfully productive. In this variety the market gardener has a variety that will make him money and lots of it; the home gardener one that will give entire satisfaction in quantity produced and in table quality. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 45 cents; postpaid. Peck, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.50.



Durban's Market Garden.



Extra Early Surprise or Eclipse.

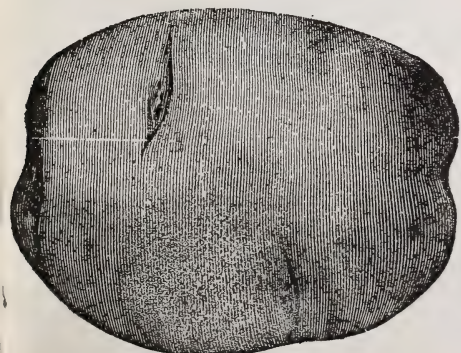
Little Gem A fine, wrinkled, extra early variety coming in just after our Premier Extra Early and Alaska. Grows 12 to 15 inches in height and its quality is of the best. Grown very largely in the home gardens around Augusta where it is a favorite. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents; prepaid. Not prepaid, peck, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.50.

Champion of England An old favorite tall growing variety and one of the best quality and most profitable in the way of heavy crops. Must be bushed or staked, growing 4 to 5 feet high. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, peck, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.75.

Melting Sugar-Edible Podded Finest in quality of all edible podded peas, sometimes called "Salad Peas." Instead of being shelled out like other peas, the pods are used cut up like snap beans. They are most delicious. Of tall growth and must be bushed or staked. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 20 cents; pint, 30 cents; quart, 50 cents; postpaid.

Large White Marrowfat Can be planted any time during winter or spring. Grow 4 feet high and are heavy bearers. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents, postpaid. Not prepaid, peck, 75 cents; bushel, \$2.75.

Black Eye Marrowfat Seed has black eye and grows $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet high. Very hardy and prolific. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, peck, 76 cents; bushel, \$2.75.



Bliss Triumph Potato.

Seed Irish Potatoes

We make a specialty of Eastern grown seed Irish potatoes for spring planting. At the time this catalogue has to go into the hands of the printers the potato market is always unsettled, and it is impossible to make prices to hold through the season and we prefer to quote you special prices on barrel lots when wanted.

Bliss' Red Triumph Best and most popular red skinned early potato for the South. Productive, good size, fine eating qualities. A week to ten days earlier than Early Rose. Splendid shipper. Peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.75. Barrel prices on application when you are ready to buy.

Pride of the South or White Bliss. Identical with Red Bliss except in color of skin which is white. Early, productive and of fine quality. Peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.75. Barrel prices on application.

Select Early Rose An old standard variety and a favorite in the South. Is early, productive and extra good quality. We have genuine stock. Most of the Rose potatoes sold by stores are the Red Rose or Late Rose which is of little or no value for Southern spring plantings. Don't be fooled on this matter of variety. Peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.75. Barrel prices on application.

Beauty of Hebron Very desirable and productive second early variety, desirable to follow Triumph and Early Rose. Splendid table variety. Peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.75.



Large Bell or Bull Nose Pepper.

We offer you a mixture containing some of each variety catalogued by us, giving a supply of early and late, sweet and hot varieties, just what is needed in every home garden. Packet, 10 cents; 5 packets, 25 cents.

Long Red Cayenne

25 cents.

Most popular and largely planted of the hot varieties. Very prolific, plants being covered with long red pods. Used for seasoning. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 25 cents.

Chile Red

Grows three-fourths to one inch long and the little peppers are intensely hot. Very prolific. Used largely in seasoning and making pepper sauce. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 25 cents.

Radishes For Spring Plantings



Alexander's All Seasons Radish.

are regularly "turnip shaped," measuring an inch in diameter and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, round, smooth and a beautiful snowy white; tap root short and slender; flesh solid, crisp and mild. Foliage very small, enabling you to plant very close. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 80 cents; postpaid.

Cincinnati Market

A comparatively new variety, very popular with market gardeners. Almost as long as our Long Scarlet, a little thicker through and skin of bright pink color. It matures very quickly, is very uniform in growth, white tipped. Flesh pure white and very transparent; crisp, tender and brittle; grows to good size and always free from pungent taste. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 65 cents; postpaid. 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$4.25.

French Breakfast

postpaid.

Standard, half long radish, valuable for both home and market gardeners' use. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents, postpaid.

SWEET and HOT PEPPERS

Sow in boxes or hot beds in earliest spring, transplanting to open ground when danger of frost is past, setting 18 inches apart in row. Hoe or cultivate often, keeping them free from weeds and grass. One ounce seed to 1500 plants.

Large Bell or Bull Nose The standard variety for both home use and shipment in the South. It is sweet and mild flavored, matures quickly and is very prolific and uniform in growth. Fruits 3 to 4 inches long and 2 to 3 inches across the shoulder. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.75; postpaid.

Ruby King A standard for shipment. Similar to the Large Bell, but a little larger and later. Increasing in favor among market gardeners every year. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.75.

Chinese Giant Similar to Ruby King, but twice as large. Largest sweet pepper grown. Truck growers like it. It is early and productive, mild and sweet with thick flesh. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, \$1.00; pound, \$3.50.

Golden Dawn Immensely large, very sweet, mild pepper. Similar to Large Bell, but is of deep golden yellow color when ripe, making handsome appearance. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 30 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 75 cents.

Mixed Peppers For family use most people want some sweet and some hot peppers.

Culture The Radish is almost a universally grown vegetable and is the easiest grown. To be tender and crisp, radishes should be grown quickly, and quick growth is dependent on rich, mellow soil, sufficiently moist, and good, reliable, fresh, vital seed. To have a constant supply sowings should be made every 10 days or two weeks. One ounce will sow 50 feet of row; 8 pounds of seed per acre.

Alexander's All Seasons In our test years ago we discovered the value of this variety for planting at all seasons of the year. Beginning with January, succession plantings should be made every two weeks to keep up a continuous supply. Round in shape; in color a bright cherry red; flesh very crisp, tender and solid and grows to an unusual size without getting pithy. All Seasons will please you no matter when you plant it. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Early Scarlet Turnip Also sold under name of Rosy Gem and White Tipped Scarlet Ball. A standard variety for both market and home gardens. Turnip shaped and of a beautiful scarlet color shading to the purest white at the tip. Flesh very crisp and tender. Matures ready for use in 21 days. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 55 cents; postpaid.

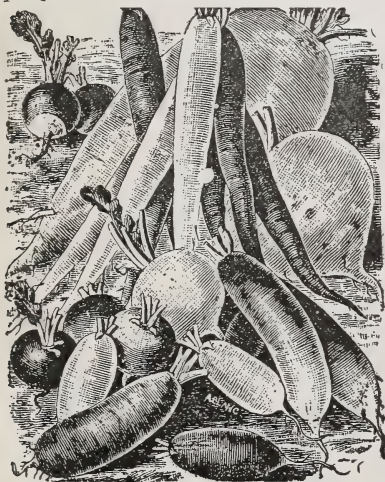
Ne Plus Ultra Of fine, round, turnip shaped form. Color a bright scarlet, flesh tender, crisp and of delicate flavor. Its remarkable small top and quick growth making it especially valuable for forcing in frames or for close plantings in market gardens. Matures in 18 to 21 days. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 65 cents; postpaid.

Hailstone The quickest growing radish on record. In every test it comes out ahead of all others maturing in from 15 to 19 days from sowing. The radishes are 1 1/2 inch deep, round, smooth and a beautiful snowy white; tap root short and slender; flesh solid, crisp and mild. Foliage very small, enabling you to plant very close. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents, postpaid.

Early Long Scarlet The standard early long red variety for planting South in either spring or fall. It is an old favorite for either market or home gardens. Roots of bright scarlet color, long and tapering to a delicate point. Flesh is very crisp, tender, and when grown rapidly is free from all pungent taste. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 50 cents; postpaid.

Long White Vienna One of the best long white radishes in cultivation. Almost identical with our Early Long Scarlet in size and earliness, but skin and flesh are a pure white. Matures quickly, flesh is crisp and tender. A splendid radish for either home or market gardens. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid.

Improved Chartier A long variety, splendid for early planting. Grows to large size but not as uniform in shape as other long varieties. The top of root is red, shading to pink in middle with white tip. Its flavor is the best of any of the long radishes and is especially fine when grown quickly in the South. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid.



Alexander's Radish Mixture.

\$100.00
Per Acre
From
Money
Maker
Cotton



Early Long Scarlet Radish.

White Strasburg Best long white variety for summer use. Skin and flesh both pure white, brittle and tender. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents.

China Rose Winter For August and September sowings. For use during winter as wanted. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents.

Alexander's Radish Mixture There are many hundreds of our friends who want a succession of radishes but do not want to be troubled with making succession sowings. Our radish mixture will give these friends just what they want. It contains some of each kind of radish we list, early, medium and late, round, olive-shaped and long. Sown during late winter and spring, it gives you a supply of radishes in perfect table condition all through the season. Our illustration shows what you will get by planting our Radish Mixture. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

PUMPKINS

Culture Ought to be largely grown. Fine for home use, always salable in town and good stock feed. Plant in corn at "laying by" time, hills 10 to 15 feet apart each way. In cutting leave 3 to 4 inches of stem and they will keep.

King of the Mammoths

Largest of all, having been grown to 245 pounds. Flesh fine grained and a good keeper. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.

Large Georgia Field

Our large yellow stock pumpkin so generally grown in Georgia. Very productive and good keeper. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 50 cents; postpaid.

Large Cheese Best cooking variety. Flat shape and very productive. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, \$1.00.

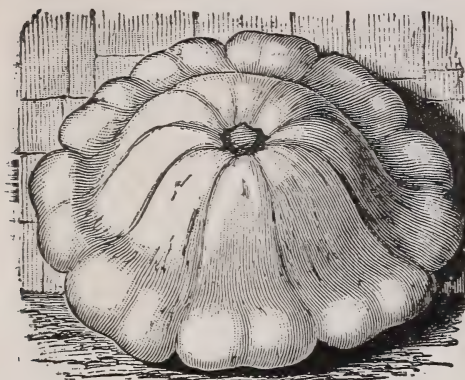
Cashaw Crookneck An old favorite in the South, salable everywhere. Salmon colored flesh. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid.

Tennessee Sweet Potato One of our best varieties. Bell shaped and slightly ribbed. Productive and splendid keeper. Fine quality. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.



King of Mammoth Pumpkin.

SQUASHES



Mammoth White Bush Squash.

Culture Squash will not stand frost and cold nights, so plantings should be delayed until frost danger is past. Work ground deeply before planting. Plant bush varieties in hills 4 feet apart each way, running varieties 8 feet apart. One or two shovels full of well rotted manure to each hill gives best results. Plant 6 to 10 seeds to each hill, thinning out to two plants after rough leaves form. One ounce of seed plants 40 hills, 2 pounds per acre.

Mammoth White Bush This is an improved form of the Early White Bush or "Patty Pan;" identical with that variety except that the squashes are nearly double the size of the old variety. Is early, uniform in growth and very prolific. Has beautiful clear white skin and is from 8 to 12 inches in diameter. Fine quality and size for home gardens and nearby markets. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Yellow Summer Crookneck

An old standby; always a favorite in both home and market gardens. Fruits rather small, of bright orange color. Flavor very rich and buttery, the richest of all summer squashes. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Early White Bush The well known "Patty Pan" squash, a favorite white squash with all our gardeners. Also largely grown for shipment. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 65 cents; postpaid. 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$4.75.

Giant Summer Crookneck In the Giant Crookneck we have a variety containing all the good qualities of the Crookneck class and at the same time giving double the size of the Old Yellow Summer Crookneck. For market gardeners growing for nearby markets and home gardens it is especially desirable. With this variety you get double the yield for the same area that you do with the other sorts. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents.

Winter or Running Varieties

In our section these can be planted in June and July to mature for winter keeping and use like pumpkins. Make hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way.

Hubbard Most largely planted winter variety. Flesh rich, very fine grained and sweet. Cooks up dry and is a perfect table variety. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30 cents; pound, 90 cents; postpaid.

Boston Marrow Popular variety. Oval form, flesh bright orange color, rich and sweet. Packet 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30 cents; pound, 90 cents.

SPINACH

Alexander's Ever-Ready The best of the long standing varieties. It's just what its name indicates, ready at all times for winter and spring cutting. Leaves are large; thick and heavily crimped with fleshy appearance. Resists both winter cold and the warm spring weather. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 50 cents; postpaid. 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$3.00.

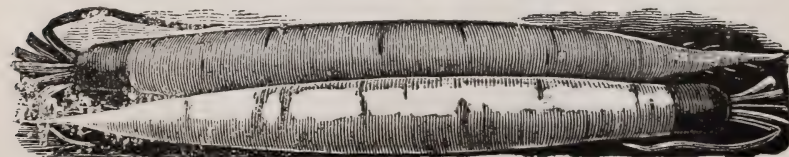
Bloomsdale Savoy Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15 cents; pound, 40 cents; postpaid. 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$2.25.

Broad Leaved Flanders Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15 cents; pound, 40 cents; postpaid. 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$2.25.



Alexander's Ever-Ready Spinach.

SALSIFY, OR VEGETABLE OYSTER



Mammoth White Sandwich Island Salsify, or Vegetable Oyster.

wanted. One ounce of seed plants 100 feet of row. Freezing improves its eating qualities.

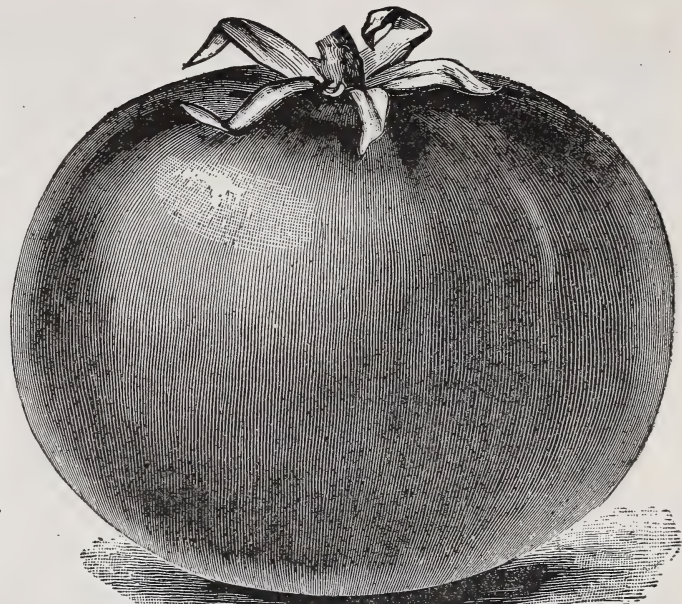
Mammoth Sandwich Island The best of all varieties for the South. Larger and better than any other kind. Is much superior to the old Long White and the Black. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.

CULTURE—Sow seed in early spring in shallow drills 18 inches apart. Prepare good soil deeply, as Salsify is a deep rooter. Cultivate frequently and let grow all summer. Plants are hardy, so let them stay in the ground and use through the winter as

TOMATOES

Culture Sow in hot beds or protected boxes from January to March. Transplant to open ground after danger of frost is past, setting in ground deep, up to the leaves. As plants grow support them with stakes. This keeps them up off the ground and prevents rotting. Sow 1 ounce of seed for 1500 plants; 4 ounces per acre. Sow also in July for fall crop.

Matchless For a first-class, general crop tomato for all purposes there is none equal to our Matchless. It follows such varieties as Alexander's Beauty, but stays with you all summer, its dense, heavy foliage protecting the fruits from midsummer sun. It is large, smooth and of a very rich red color. Almost solid meat with very little core and small seed spaces. A strong, vigorous grower and fruits heavily, the large size holding up to the end of the season. Fine for either home use or market, and unexcelled for canning. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 65 cents; pound, \$2.00.



Our Great General Crop Tomato, Matchless.

New Early Acme

The old Acme tomato always was a favorite with our customers, but it had serious faults which have been eradicated in our "New Early Acme," an early tomato that will please you. A vigorous grower with open growth, a heavy bearer that ripens evenly all over. Fruits in clusters of 3 to 5, of medium to large size. In color it is a purplish shade of red, the most desirable color for shipment or market. Has few seeds, is meaty and solid. Skin tough but thin. With its fine color you will find it most desirable for shipment, local markets or home use. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.75.

Spark's Earliana

The most famous of the extreme extra earlies. Plants are of open growth, letting sunlight in to the fruits. Fruits form in clusters of 5 to 8, medium size and of deep scarlet color. About half of the fruits are smooth. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 85 cents; pound, \$3.00.

Chalk's Early Jewel

The best of all extra early sorts. Within one week of being as early as the Earliana and is far superior, the fruits being uniformly larger, smoother, thicker through, more solid and of much finer quality than any of the extra early tomatoes. The fruits are very deep through from stem to blossom end, being almost round or ball shaped and from 3 to 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. The interior is very solid and fleshy with very few seeds, the seed cells being very small and the fruits nearly all solid flesh; quality is exceptionally sweet and free from acidity. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, \$1.00; pound, \$3.50.

Dwarf Champion

The only first-class quality tomato of sufficiently stiff growth to be self-supporting when in fruit. Of very stocky, compact growth with heavy foliage, protecting the fruit from sun scald. Fruits are of very bright red color, of medium size, almost round and very smooth skin. One of the most desirable and popular varieties. Seed supply very short. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 75 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.

New Stone

One of the largest, most solid and meaty of all tomatoes and especially valuable for late plantings. It has heavy foliage, thus protecting the fruits from the burning sun of late summer and early fall. It is very solid and a good shipper; smooth and uniform in growth. Color a desirable red. Fine for canning for its solidity and few seeds. A splendid variety for both home and market gardeners or for late crops. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$1.75.

Alexander's Early Beauty

A favorite with our market garden customers and shippers as well as for an early maturing variety for the home garden. It's early and of open growth, letting the sun into the fruit, ripening it quickly. A good general cropper. We sell this variety almost exclusively to many of the tomato shippers of Florida. In color it's a rich, glossy crimson, fruits solid and meaty with small seed cavities. Medium size with thin, tough skin. Packet, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 65 cents; pound, \$2.00.



Alexander's Beauty Tomato.



Long Keeper Tomato.

Long Keeper No variety of tomato equals Long Keeper in heat and drought resisting qualities, and this makes it especially valuable for summer and fall cropping. This is a new variety to our customers and we take pleasure in recommending it, especially as a variety to plant for summer use. It is early, productive and the longest keeper of any. Equally valuable for the market or for home gardens. Fruits average 2½ to 3 inches in diameter and are of a bright red color. It has the right shape and solidity and stands burning sun without injury. Packet, 5 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 65 cents; pound, \$2.00, postpaid.

Ponderosa Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 30 cents.

Perfection Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$1.75.

Livingston's Favorite Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$1.75.

Selected Trophy Packet, 5 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$1.75.

Golden Queen Packet, 5 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents.

Turnips for Spring Planting

Culture Spring plantings of turnips are important, although the main or general crop for winter use is sown in the late summer and fall. The seed sown in early spring germinate rapidly and are ready for use very early. Spring grown turnips, being grown under more favorable conditions of temperature than the fall crop, are more tender, sweet and juicy than those grown in summer and fall. Sow thinly in drills in January, February and March, according to latitude, and cover seed lightly. They make best on either new ground or ground that has not been cultivated for several years.

Alexander's 7 Ounce Turnip Collection, 25 Cents, Postpaid

The most popular collection of seeds we ever offered. We sell thousands of them. On receipt of 25 cents we will send you one ounce each of Early White Flat Dutch, Extra Early White Egg, Early Red Top Strap Leaved, Purple Top Globe, Yellow Aberdeen, "Bon Air" Rutabaga and Southern Seven Top, postpaid. This gives you 7 ounces of the finest varieties, early, medium and late, the greatest seed buyer's bargain we have ever offered. Don't delay. It's time to plant some of them now.

Early White Flat Dutch One the most popular varieties with our customers either for spring or summer plantings. Of medium size, perfectly round and flat. A quick grower and shows up well bunched. Skin pure white; bulbs very fine grained and solid. In maturity it follows our White Egg. Cooks quickly and has fine flavor. Ounce, 5 cents; ¼ pound, 15 cents; pound, 45 cents; postpaid, 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$3.00.

Early Red or Purple Top Strap Leaved

Also known as Purple Top Flat Dutch in some parts of the South. Almost identical in appearance with the Early White Flat Dutch except that the top of the bulb is a deep rich red or purple color. It's a quick grower in either spring or fall with very fine grained, sweet, pure white flesh. The red top extending down to where it rests in the soil, adds very much to its attractive appearance. Ounce, 5 cents; ¼ pound, 15 cents; pound, 45 cents; postpaid, 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$3.00.

Early White Egg

Finest flavor of all early turnips and often ready for use in six weeks from sowing. Skin and flesh pure white, bulbs almost egg shaped, solid and fine grained. Attractive when bunched for market. Ounce, 5 cents; ¼ pound, 15 cents; pound, 50 cents; postpaid.



Early White Flat Dutch. Early Red or Purple Top Strap Leaved.



Purple or Red Top Globe.

"Bon Air" Rutabaga

The only thoroughly satisfactory rutabaga for the South. Large, finely shaped bulbs, yellow skin, purple top and free from "stringy" necks. It combines all the good qualities of the old kinds with fine table qualities and perfect shape. It's the most profitable rutabaga you can grow. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid.

TOBACCO SEED

Our tobacco seed is grown for us by the largest and most careful growers of Virginia. None better at any price. One ounce sows a seed bed 50 feet square.

Choice Havana A heavy cropper and is generally used for cigar purposes. Has large, long leaf, fairly fine texture. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 75 cents;

Sweet Oronoko Finest variety in lower and central South for chewing. If you like to chew natural leaf, grow Oronoko and sun cure it. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 25 cents.

Hester A fine and very superior yellow variety largely grown for home use as a smoking tobacco. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 75 cents.

Red or Purple Top Globe

Most popular and generally planted variety in the South. Medium early and a heavy cropper. Bulbs and flesh a pure white except the skin at top of bulb which is a deep rich red or purple. Flesh firm, pure white and fine flavor. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15 cents; pound, 45 cents; postpaid. 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$3.00.

Pomeranian White Globe

Largest of all turnips. Extra large, globe shaped variety with pure white skin and flesh. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15 cents; pound, 45 cents; postpaid. 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$3.00.

Yellow Aberdeen

Favorite yellow fleshed variety for all parts of the South. One of the best to resist both heat and cold. Yellow skin and flesh. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15 cents; pound, 45 cents; postpaid.

Extra Early Purple Top Milan

Earliest of all turnips. Much like Purple Top Strap Leaved but 10 days to 2 weeks earlier. Perfect shape and color. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 65 cents; postpaid.

Southern Seven Top

The popular Southern variety for "salad" or "greens." Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15 cents; pound, 40 cents; postpaid. 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$2.50.

Well Known Varieties

The following varieties are well known to most Southern planters. We have in stock regularly the **Long White or Cow Horn**, **Yellow or Amber Globe**, **Mammoth Purple Top Globe**, **Golden Ball**, **Sweet German or Rock** and the **Breadstone Rutabaga**. Each—packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid.

MISCELLANEOUS

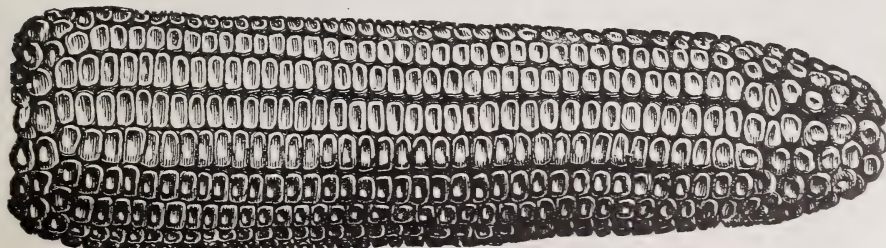
Rhubarb or Pie Plant A most delicious vegetable. Should be planted in a deep, rich, moist soil and shaded, as it will not stand burning sun. Roots, 2 for 25 cents; 6 for 70 cents; \$1.25 per dozen; postpaid.

Horse Radish Sets Easily grown almost anywhere in the South and makes a most excellent relish. Sets per dozen, 25 cents; 50 for 60 cents; \$1.00 per 100; postpaid.

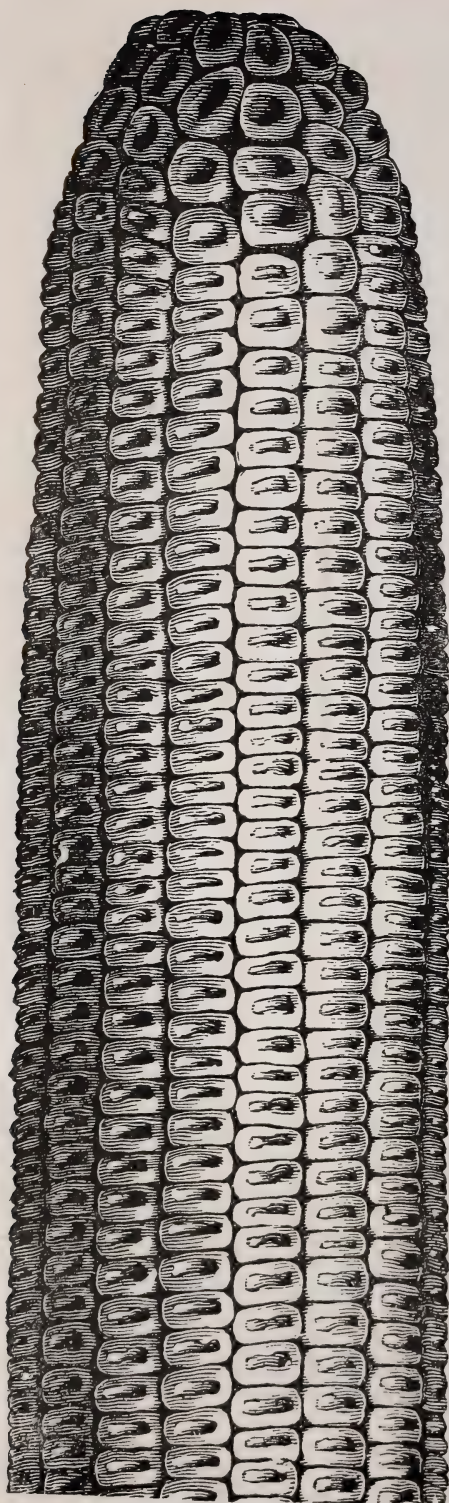
Sage A most popular garden herb, used for seasoning, the dried leaves being a market product. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 25 cents.

Thyme Leaves and young shoots highly esteemed for seasoning, also for medicinal purposes. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 25 cents.

Field Corn For Southern Planters



Farmer's Pride Our great North Carolina corn. It is a most handsome corn, pure white, maturing in 100 days. One to three large ears to each stalk, 16 to 24 rows of grains. Grains both long and wide, closely set on rather small cob. Stands severe drought splendidly. Makes beautiful meal and hominy. The originator claims that it yields one-fourth more than any other white corn. All seed sold by us is grown exclusively for us by the originator. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 40 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, peck, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.00.



Shaw's Improved Corn.

Shaw's Improved

This is the great big-eared Georgia Corn and for a large variety it is unexcelled. Georgia Experiment Station speaks most highly of it. Our illustration (greatly reduced) shows what you may expect. Makes a very large ear, white cob and twenty rows of long white grains; firm and deep. Makes a good strong stalk, with long, heavy leaves; fine for forage; deeply rooted and not easily blown over in storms. Usually has two big, well developed ears to each stalk. Our specially grown and selected seed stock of this variety has made it most popular. We give Shaw's Improved our closest personal attention and now all ears are filled out perfectly from butt to tip. Nubbins don't grow on our Shaw's Improved. It is a thoroughbred when grown from our closely selected original stock. It will pay every planter in the upper portions of all the Southern States to plant it. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, peck, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.00.

Alexander's 6-Eared Corn

Description and Prices Last Page of Cover.

Alexander's Snowflake

See Roasting Ear Corn, Page 13.

Hickory King

Has largest grain and smallest cob of any white corn, a single grain often covering the cob. Productive and profitable; bears two or three ears of medium size on each stalk. Makes good roasting ears and fine meal. Almost all corn and very little cob. Matures fully hard corn in 115 days. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.75.

Cocke's Prolific

A famous Virginia variety with a record of 160 bushels per acre. A sure cropper, especially for uplands. Ears always fill out to tip of cob no matter how unfavorable the season. Ears of average size for a prolific corn, grain and cob white and the hard, flinty grains make fine meal and are resistant to weevils. Averages 3 to 4 ears per stalk and is good for roasting ears for either market or family use. Cocke's has superseded Blount's Prolific in the South, as it yields 25 to 33 per cent. more than that variety. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.75.

Marlboro' Prolific

A splendid field variety that has stood high tests of both Georgia and South Carolina Experiment Stations. It is a white, flint variety; excellent for roasting ears as well as for stock feeding; averages 3 to 4 good ears per stalk. In 1900 the originator's crop averaged 75 bushels per acre. This is strictly a Southern variety. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 75 cents; bushel, \$2.50.

Champion Yellow Dent

The best strain of early yellow dent corn. Large ears with small cob and deep grains of rich, bright, golden yellow color. It is a first-class, quick growing, yellow corn, the right variety to plant to furnish corn for feeding before the main crops are ready. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 30 cents; postpaid. Peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.75, not prepaid.

Champion White Pearl (White Dent)

Undoubtedly the best variety of early white dent corn. Ears are large; cob small and white, grain pure white, wide and deep, firm and heavy; stalks of good size. A good yielder, maturing in 100 days. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 30 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.75.

Georgia Gourd Seed

Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.75.

Mexican June

Very popular for late planting after oats, rye and wheat. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, peck, 75 cents; bushel, \$2.75.



OUR MONEY MAKER COTTON

Thirteen years ago one of the most successful cotton growers of the South started to "breed up" his cotton to an ideal standard. He worked for a **large, well limbed stalk, shorter joints, three times as many bolls and large ones, together with longer and finer lint.** He worked to produce a **deep rooted cotton to resist droughts and storms and rust.** The result of that 13 years' work is our "**Money Maker Cotton**" shown above reproduced from a photograph of a stalk from our crop. It tells the story of what "**Money Maker**" does far better than words can. We have tested it for the past five years in **every condition of soil and climate in the cotton region.** Under the same conditions of cultivation it has always shown the heaviest yields and in 1905 it was **14 per cent. ahead of the next best variety.** Our crop this year was 200 acres. Land was good, and with good fertilization and culture the average yield was $2\frac{1}{4}$ bales per acre even with such a poor cotton growing year as was 1906 in this section. No other variety has been so carefully bred and selected as "**Money Maker.**" **You can grow as much lint from 5 acres of this as you can from 20 acres of common seed. Get a start now.** Pound, 40 cents; 3 pounds, \$1.00; post-paid. Not prepaid, peck, 75 cents; bushel, \$2.00; 10 bushels, \$15.00.

The Business of Cotton Growing



WE may talk of diversifying crops as much as we please, and crop diversity is a good thing for any section, but the fact remains that nine out of ten of the farmers of the South are principally interested and engaged in cotton growing. It is the great cash crop of the South and on its success rests the support of the great mass of people of the South. We want every one to whom this catalogue goes that is growing cotton to stop and do some plain thinking about the business of cotton growing and see if you are making the most of your opportunities in the business you are engaged in. This is a matter we are both interested in.

We don't know what your yield per acre is now. The average production of lint per acre in the cotton growing states for the last six years has been a little less than 200 pounds of lint per acre. This kind of a yield with farm labor at \$1.00 per day or more doesn't afford much, if any, profit to the grower.

We are all confronted with this problem. Farm labor grows scarcer, more trifling and higher priced each year. The labor supply, or rather the lack of supply, is the most serious thing the cotton grower has to face and it gets worse every year. There was a possibility of making a profit on 200 pound per acre yields with labor at 50 to 60 cents per day, but there is none when farm labor costs \$1.00 per day or over. **Our only way to make profits where our yield is less than 350 pounds of lint per acre is to increase our yields per acre to 450 or 500 pounds without increasing the cost of cultivation and fertilizer. There is only one way to do it, and that is by the use of carefully bred-up, selected seed stock that will give you two or three times the yield per acre that common cotton or even the so-called standard varieties give. Year after year these highly bred-up varieties with the superior quality of seed have made two and three times as much per acre, planted side by side with common varieties and given the same cultivation and fertilizing.**

We want to put the question up to you squarely: Can you afford to keep on planting what you now have when you can double your yield by the use of something better, the cost of which is practically nothing as compared with the yield? You can't. The cost of production is increasing every year. The only way is to make more with the same cost, and the only way to do it is by the use of better varieties, something that it will pay you well to plant and make you a good profit even with increased cost of labor. The time has passed for spreading out over larger acreage. Present conditions demand larger yields from fewer acres. Remember also that it costs just as much to cultivate an acre producing 200 pounds as it does one that makes 400 to 600 pounds.

COOK'S IMPROVED===A GOOD EARLY COTTON

We now offer Cook's Improved Cotton after several years of very careful testing. It has been much talked and written about in the last two years and has been thoroughly tested by the different State experiment stations with most satisfactory results, always standing high on the list. Three years critical tests by ourselves shows that while it is properly classed as an early cotton it is a long and persistent bearer, continuing to fruit until frost kills the plants. Makes a strong, well limbed plant with rather short joints and is decidedly prolific. Has rather large bolls and medium sized seed. Has a splendid root system; standing both storms and droughts splendidly. Does not shed easily and holds the lint remarkably well after opening. In our tests it has made an average of 38½ per cent. in 3 years tests.

We have watched this variety very closely since its introduction. In 1904, R. J. Redding, then Director of the Georgia Experiment Station, wrote us as follows: "I consider it the most important variety in many respects that I have ever tried. If I were on my own farm I would not hesitate to pay \$2.00 per bushel for seed. Of course there is some risk. It may not do so well next year, but I would plant my whole crop in it at \$2.00 per bushel."

Up to this time we have not listed it, preferring to wait until its value was fully established by several years test. It has shown up with us equally well for three years. Many planters in Georgia now use it entirely for their crops.

This year we have a large acreage of Cook's, grown from very carefully selected stock seed, just as pure and good as the most careful growing and selection can make it. It's a good cotton to plant for those wanting an early, heavy yielding cotton. Pound, 35 cents; 3 pounds, \$1.00; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 65 cents; bushel, \$1.80; 10 bushel lots or over at \$1.50 per bushel.

It Always Pays to Plant the Best

The Georgia Experiment Station, Mr. R. J. Redding, Director, in answer to an inquiry from a cotton grower as to whether it paid to use improved cotton seed, said recently: "According to a comparison at the Georgia Station for ten years together it was found that the average value of the total yield of the best varieties planted each year was **\$20.08 per acre greater** than the average value of the total yield of the poorest varieties planted each year of the ten years, valuing lint at 10 cents per pound and seed at 80 cents per 100 pounds. I am quite sure that it would prove profitable for a majority of cotton growers to pay from \$2.00 to \$3.00 per bushel for improved seed and that it would pay some farmers to buy seed at even \$5.00 per bushel rather than plant an unimproved scrub variety." (See Bulletin No. 66, Georgia Experiment Station, page 220.)

You Are Throwing Away Money

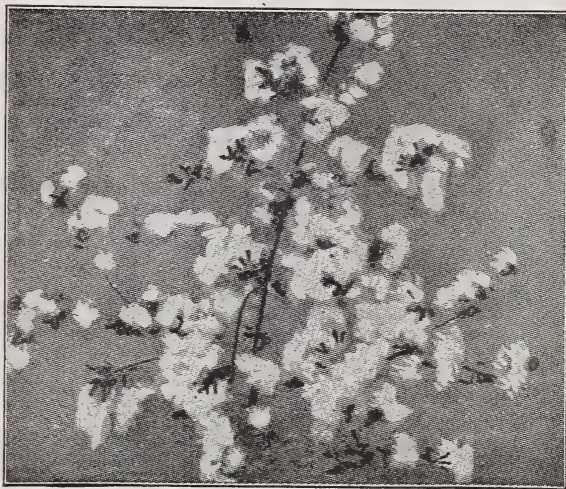
Every year that you plant common cotton seed grown on the farm and ginned in public gins with all the mixing that comes with it. Your cotton seed is deteriorating every year unless "new blood" is introduced in the way of new and improved seed that has been bred up and grown strictly for seed purposes. With seed of our improved varieties such as Money Maker, Toole's Prolific, Mortgage-Lifter, etc., you can grow two bales of cotton where you now grow one without increased expense except seed cost. One South Georgia farmer paid \$17.50 for 10 bushels of improved seed. He planted 20 acres with it. He also planted an adjoining 20 acres with common seed, giving each the same fertilizer and cultivation. The improved seed made seven more bales than the common seed, worth \$350.00. It's simply a plain, common sense, business matter. You simply cannot afford to plant seed of the common sort. Tests at the Georgia Experiment Station covering a 10-year period show that the cotton from improved seed of good varieties made an average of \$20.08 more per acre than the poor common seed. It is no exaggeration to say that you are throwing away money if you plant common seed. You simply cannot afford to throw away a chance to increase your profits from \$200 to \$1,000, according to the size of your farm. The live, wide-awake business farmer will buy anything that will increase his profits. The other kind will go on in the same old way, throwing away money. Which kind of a farmer are you?

Toole's Prolific

A splendid short staple cotton with many valuable points. It is a strong grower, matures quick, fruits until late in the season, has medium to large bolls, stalks of medium size. It roots deeply, resisting drought. **It is wonderfully prolific and gins out 40 to 45 per cent. lint of fine quality.** It is easily picked, yet does not blow or fall out easily. **It is the best poor land cotton.** On good land, with good fertilizing it easily makes two bales per acre. Hundreds of our customers who planted small quantities of it last year will plant their entire crop in it in 1907. Prices—Per pound, postpaid, 35 cents; 3 pounds, \$1.00. Peck, not prepaid, 50 cents; bushel, \$1.50; 5 bushel lots at \$1.25; 10 bushel lots or over, \$1.00 per bushel. Write for special prices on large quantities.

Mortgage-Lifter

The finest variety of Improved Big Boll Cotton. Produces larger bolls and more of them than any other big balled cotton. If you have land suitable for big balled cotton this is the right variety for you. Reports of 2 to 3 bales per acre of Mortgage-Lifter have been common from all the cotton growing States the past two years. It gains in popularity every year strictly on its great merit and farmers everywhere are praising it and planting entire crops with it. If you plant a big boll variety you will make no mistake planting this one. It's a vigorous grower, finely shaped and fairly covered with the biggest of bolls. Resists drought splendidly. Pound, postpaid, 35 cents; 3 pounds, \$1.00. Peck, not prepaid, 50 cents; bushel, \$1.50; 10 bushel lots at \$1.25 per bushel.



Toole's Improved Prolific Cotton.

King's Improved Extra Early

Our extra early strain of King's Cotton, far superior to the original strain. Valuable for Texas boll weevil section, coming in before the boll weevil gets in his work. Stalks small, erect and do not blow over easily. Bolls are small but plants are covered with them. Makes about 35 per cent. lint. Ours is the earliest strain of King's and is grown for us in extreme North Georgia. Pound, 20 cents; 3 pounds, 50 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, peck, 40 cents; bushel, \$1.00; 10 bushels, \$8.50; 100 pounds, \$2.75.

Peterkin Improved

A good early cotton, resistant to droughts. Does well in dry seasons. Heavy bearer, grows open, makes fine lint and often makes 40 per cent. lint. One of the best standard varieties. Pound, 20 cents; 3 pounds, 50 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, peck, 40 cents; bushel, \$1.00; 10 bushels, \$9.00; 100 pounds, \$3.00.

Excelsior Prolific

Seed direct from originator in South Carolina. Has large bolls, maturing early, and is easily picked. Grows tall with long tap root. Yields 35 to 40 per cent. lint. In 1901 tested No. 1 at Arkansas Experiment Station. Pound, 20 cents; 3 pounds, 50 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, peck, 50 cents; bushel, \$1.50; 10 bushels, \$10.00; 100 pounds, \$3.00.

Hawkins' Extra Prolific

A famous variety of Georgia origin. Seed direct from originator who says: "Earliest, most prolific, easiest picked, superior lint and finest staple. Grows tall with long tap root. Well branched and covered with large bolls. Yields 39 to 41 per cent. lint, opens well." Pound, 20 cents; 3 pounds, 50 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, peck, 50 cents; bushel, \$1.25; 10 bushels or over at \$1.00 per bushel.

Floradora Cotton

Our stock of this well known variety is grown for us by the originator and our seed comes from a special crop grown from extra selected seed. Every acre has been used in selection to maintain and improve the length of staple, size of the bolls and prolificness in bearing. It is a splendid cotton for the southern parts of Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and North and West Florida. The lint always sells at from 3 to 4 cents per pound higher than the short staple and does not drop in price as does short staple at times. Mr. H. A. Barrows, of Jefferson County, Florida, sold Floradora last season, at 18 cents per pound and we have known it sold as high as 20 cents. It is certainly more profitable to grow than the Sea Island. Pound, 35 cents; 3 pounds, \$1.00; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.75; 10 bushels, \$14.50.

Russell Big Boll

Heavy yielding, big boll cotton from Alabama. Seed both green and white. Latest in maturing of all short staple varieties. Large stalks, big bolls, good lint. Splendid drought resister. Pound, 20 cents; 3 pounds, 50 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 40 cents; bushel, \$1.00; 10 bushels, \$8.50; 100 pounds, \$2.75.

Sea Island—Long Staple

For use only in Florida and the Georgia and Carolina Coast sections. Growers in Central Florida should use no other. This is the finest of long staple Sea Island Cotton obtained by us from the Carolina Coast Islands. Those who want pure, genuine, long staple seed can get nothing equal to this. **It is extra fine.** Pound 20 cents; 3 pounds, 50 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 75 cents; bushel (42 pounds), \$2.00.

MISCELLANEOUS FARM SEEDS



White Kaffir Corn.

through the season. It has a record of producing 95 tons of green forage from one acre in 135 days. Valuable for green feed only as it makes poor dry fodder. Sow April to June in rows 4 feet apart, using 10 pounds of seed per acre. Cultivate same as for corn. Pound, 25 cents; 4 pounds, 90 cents; postpaid. 10-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 10 cents per pound.

German Millet In this we handle none but Tennessee grown seed, the only stock fit to plant in the South. Beware of cheap Western seed offered at low prices. Sow from April to June 15th, one bushel per acre. Pound, 20 cents; 6 pounds, \$1.00; postpaid. Bushel prices on application.

Teosinte A remarkable mammoth forage plant from Central America, one of the most valuable forage plants to be used in a green state. The yield is enormous and can be cut till frost. One Florida grower writes that it grew 5 inches per day by actual measurement. Plant in hills like corn after danger of frost is past. Seed is very hard and should be soaked a day or so before planting. Plant 3 pounds per acre. Ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Japanese Buckwheat The best variety and valuable in bloom as a bee food and in grain for poultry. Can be sown in early spring or late summer. Matures in 60 to 70 days. Does well in almost all soils and resists heat and drought. Pound, 25 cents, postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 60 cents; bushel, \$2.00.

Mammoth Sunflower Every farm in the South should grow Mammoth Russian Sunflower for the seed for a poultry feed. There is nothing like it. Poultry fed on it grow rapidly and take on fine glossy plumage. A heavy yielder and easily grown on good land. Plant 4 quarts per acre. Packet, 10 cents; quart, 25 cents; postpaid.

Bene Or Benny. Easily grown. The seeds are used medicinally, also for flavoring candy and in bread. Excellent for poultry as an occasional feed. Packet, 10 cents; pound, 25 cents; 4 pounds, 50 cents; postpaid.

Spanish Peanuts Earliest; a fine bearer; bushy, erect growth; easily cultivated, the plow doing all the work. Planted in April they mature in August. Can be planted as late as August 1st. Heavy yielders of small, very sweet, well filled out nuts. Pound, 25 cents; 4 pounds, 75 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 50 cents; bushel, about \$1.60. Write for prices.

North Carolina Peanuts A medium size nut, much more prolific than the Virginia and more profitable to grow for stock feeding on the farms than the Virginia. Pound, 25 cents; 4 pounds, 75 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 50 cents; bushel, \$1.75.

Burt or 90-Day Oats For spring planting in our section. Write for market prices.

MONEY MAKER COTTON

Is rightly named. It will make money for you when you plant it.

White Kaffir Corn Rapidly becoming a favorite in the South for its drought resisting qualities. Plant stocky and erect with wide foliage which makes the finest kind of forage. Two to four heads of grain produced by each stalk. If cut just before heading shoots spring from the roots producing a second crop of forage and a grain crop. Plant in 3-foot rows and cultivate same as corn. Plant 5 pounds of seed per acre, sowing it in the rows like other sorghums. Packet, 10 cents; pound, 25 cents; 5 pounds, \$1.00; postpaid. By express or freight, not prepaid, 6 cents per pound.

Early Amber Sorghum The earliest and favorite Southern variety for forage crops, either grown alone or broadcasted with peas. Plant in drills 6 pounds per acre or $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel (24 pounds) if broadcasted alone. If with peas use 1 bushel of peas and 1 peck (12 pounds) of sorghum. It pays to fertilize this crop heavily. Pound, 20 cents; 4 pounds, 75 cents; postpaid. Peck (12 pounds), not prepaid, 50 cents; bushel, about \$1.60. Write for market prices when ready to buy.

Early Orange Sorghum Larger and 10 days later than Amber and more largely grown for the syrup which is of fine quality and clear golden yellow color. Desirable for either syrup or forage. Pound, 10 cents; 4 pounds, 75 cents; postpaid. Peck, 50 cents; bushel, about \$1.60; not prepaid. Write for market prices when ready to buy.

Branching Sorghum (Yellow Milo Maize) Immense producer of fine quality forage. Grows 8 to 12 feet high, stooling heavily. Can be cut 3 or 4 times during season and at any stage of growth. Large seed heads, furnishing large grain crops almost equal to corn in feeding value. Plant in 4-foot rows, 6 pounds seed per acre. Pound, 25 cents, postpaid. 4 pounds, 90 cents; 10-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 7 cents per pound.

Pearl or Cat-tail Millet Best known and most valuable of all green forage plants for the South. Sold recently under the name of "Pencellaria" and sold at enormous prices. Continues to grow and produce green forage all



Spanish Peanuts.

Chufas

A most profitable Southern crop for fattening hogs and poultry. The nuts grow near the surface and are easily harvested by hogs and chickens. Plant in April and May in 3-foot rows, dropping 2 or 3 Chufas every 10 to 12 inches. Give level culture. They mature in September and will lie in ground until wanted. They are the best fattening crop. Packet, 10 cents; pound, 30 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.25.

Soja Beans

Splendid forage plant and soil enricher. Easily grown, stands drought well and is very productive. Plants grow 3 feet high. Stock like it. Has higher feeding value than cow peas. Packet, 10 cents; quart, 30 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 60 cents; bushel, \$2.00.

Beggar Weed

Grows in popularity every year as a hay plant and soil enricher for the light sandy lands of the lower South. It is to that section what red clover is to Kentucky and Tennessee. Dense growth, 3 to 5 feet high, making nutritious hay or green forage of high feeding value. Planted in May or June two cuttings can be made each season. **Cleaned seed** (hull removed), pound, postpaid, 40 cents; 4 pounds, \$1.50. 10 pound lots or over, not prepaid, 28 cents per pound.

**Chufas or Ground Almonds.****Velvet Beans**

The South's strongest growing forage plant and soil enricher. They make poor land rich and good land more productive. Makes fine green forage or hay crop, enriching the soil even when the hay crop is cut off. The Florida Experiment Station reported a yield of over 18,000 pounds of dried forage (9 tons) per acre. The yield is enormous, being the greatest producer of either green or dried forage in the world. It produces at least three times as much grain and forage as the strongest growing varieties of cow peas and should be planted on every Southern farm. If you do not care to cut them it is customary to turn stock in on them when frost kills the vines. Cattle, hogs and horses will eat beans and vines up clean in the field. Sow seed at rate of one peck per acre, making rows 5 to 6 feet apart, dropping a bean every foot. Cultivate until the vines begin to run. Best result comes from April and May planted seed. They also make a fine shade for porches and arbors. Packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 65 cents; bushel, \$2.50.

Cow Peas

The standard forage and soil enriching crop of the entire South. The Augusta section is a great cow pea producing section and during season we can supply almost any of the standard varieties at lowest market prices. When ready to buy write for prices, stating variety and quantity wanted. We supply Whip-poor-will, Clay, Black, Red Ripper, Unknown, Wonderful, Iron, Mixed Peas and others. If by mail, postpaid, packet, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents, postpaid.

Upland Rice

A fine variety for upland planting. It is prolific and matures in about 100 days from planting. Yields double what wheat or oats yield on the same soil. If cut just before heading it springs up and makes a second crop from the stubble. Plant seed in drills 24 inches apart, using one bushel of seed per acre. Pound, postpaid, 25 cents; 5 pounds, \$1.00. Not prepaid, peck, 65 cents; bushel, \$2.25.

Lowland Rice

This is the genuine Lowland Rice of South Carolina and entirely adapted to low or swampy lands. Makes fine, large, head rice of the finest quality. Pound, postpaid 25 cents; 5 pounds, \$1.00. Not prepaid, peck, 75 cents; bushel, \$2.50.

Bermuda Grass

The most valuable of all summer pasture grasses in the South. Grows luxuriantly in the hottest sun and furnishes nutritious grazing for 9 months in the year. Grows well on all soils from the stiffest clay to the lightest sands. Sow seed broadcast, 6 pounds per acre, March to June. Seed germinates in 20 to 30 days when ground is warm, $\frac{1}{4}$ pound package, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid. Special prices on 5 pound lots or over. **Bermuda Grass Roots.** Many prefer to plant the roots instead of seed. Plant 200 pounds of roots per acre. Price—\$2.00 per 100 pounds, not prepaid.

Johnson Grass

While considered a pest by many it is considered one of the most valuable hay grasses, there being thousands of acres of it grown in the Augusta section. It should be grown only where it can be controlled and kept from spreading into other crops. Makes 4 to 10 tons of hay per acre according to soil. Sow 1 bushel per acre in spring. Pound, postpaid, 25 cents; 5 pounds, \$1.00. Bushel of 24 pounds, not prepaid, about \$2.25.

Japan Clover

(*Lespedeza Striata*). An annual which reseeds itself where once established. Starts in early spring, is ready for grazing by June and continues until frost. All stock like it. Does well in central and lower South. Sow 25 pounds per acre in spring. Pound, postpaid, 45 cents. 10 pound lots or over, not prepaid, 25 cents per pound.

Alfalfa or Lucerne

Most valuable permanent clover that can be grown and adapted to all the South except Florida. Once established it is perpetual, giving from 3 to 5 cuttings per year of the best clover hay. It starts slowly, needs careful attention the first year, but is well worth the trouble. Good results can be obtained from very early spring sowings. Pound, postpaid, 35 cents; 3 pounds, \$1.00; postpaid. Sow 20 pounds per acre. 10 pound lots and over, not prepaid, at 20 cents per pound.

Evergreen Lawn Mixture

Our own mixture, the only satisfactory lawn grass mixture for the South that will produce an "Evergreen" lawn. Sow in earliest spring. Pound, postpaid, 40 cents; 3 pounds (sufficient for 900 square feet), \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, bushel (15 pounds), \$3.50.

Other Grasses and Clovers

are mostly planted in the fall and are fully described in our Summer and Fall catalogue. If wanted for planting now write for market prices on any variety you want.

are mostly planted in the fall and are fully described in our Summer and Fall catalogue. If wanted for planting now write for market prices on any variety you want.

Flower Seeds, Bulbs, Plants



Mixed Nasturtiums.

- ESCHSCHOLTZIA**, or California Poppy—Makes a brilliant display in the South. Single mixed, packet.....05c
GAILLARDIA, or Blanket Flower—Thrives in poorest and dryest soils, large, brilliant flowers, mixed, packet.....05c
HELIOTROPE—Always a favorite, grow in boxes or protected beds in our section, mixed, packet.....10c
HOLLYHOCKS—Finest double mixed, all shades and colors. A splendid selection, packet.....10c
JAPANESE MORNING GLORIES—Rapid climbers, growing 20 to 30 feet and covered with extra large, finely marked, striped and blotched flowers all through the season, mixed colors, packet.....10c
JAPANESE HOP—Rapid growing climber for porches or trellises; easily grown, packet.....05c
IBERIS (CANDYTUFT)—A favorite. Pure white, 5 cents; mixed colors, packet.....05c
FORGET-ME-NOTS—Favorites everywhere for beds or borders, blue and white mixed, packet.....05c
LANTANA—Best French varieties. Grow anywhere in the South. Finest mixed colors, packet.....10c
MARVEL OF PERU (Four o'clocks)—Showy, free flowering annuals. Mixed, all colors, packet.....05c
MARIGOLDS—Large African, very free flowering, growing 16 to 20 inches high. Mixed shades, packet.....05c
MOON FLOWER or EVENING GLORY—Popular in the South as a climber and shade for porches, arbors and trellises. Enormous white flowers, open nights and cloudy days, packet.....10c
MOON FLOWER, HEAVENLY BLUE—Similar to the white, but has intense sky blue color, packet.....10c
RICINUS (CASTOR BEAN)—Ornamental varieties for lawn and garden effects, packet.....05c
NASTURTIUMS—No flower that you plant in the South will give you such entire satisfaction as our splendid mixtures of Nasturtiums.
NASTURTIUM, DWARF MIXED—Finest possible selection of shades and colors. Ounce, 15c; packet.....05c
NASTURTIUM, TALL MIXED—Same shades and colors as our Dwarf but tall growing. Ounce, 15c; packet.....05c
PANSIES, FINE MIXED—The medium sized flowers, fine selection of colors, packet.....05c
PANSY, MASTERPIECE—A giant curled Pansy with crimped and curled petals, packet.....15c
PANSY, ALEXANDER'S PREMIUM—The finest Pansy mixture of all. Large size, finest colors, packet.....25c
PETUNIAS, SINGLE MIXED—Splendid bedding plants to bloom all summer. Mixed colors, packet.....05c
PHLOX DRUMMONDII—Easiest grown of all annual flowers. Finest shades and colors, packet.....05c
POPPIES, DOUBLE AND SINGLE MIXED—Our fine mixture of named varieties of Poppies. Brilliant; packet.....05c
SWEET PEAS, ALEXANDER'S SUPERB MIXED—The best of all Sweet Pea mixtures in this country. Made up by us from the best named sorts. Pound, 75c, postpaid; 1/4 pound, 25c; ounce, 10c; packet.....05c
SALVIA (SCARLET SAGE)—Makes an intensely brilliant bedding plant for the South. Packet.....10c
VERBENA—A favorite box and bedding plant with us. Fine mixed, packet.....05c
VINCA, OR MADAGASCAR PERIWINKLE—Desirable for open ground sowing. Mixed colors, packet.....05c
ZINNIA—Showy and grow easily with little cultivation. Mixed shades and colors, packet.....05c
- Canna Roots** From finest named varieties. Order by color, 10c each; \$1.00 per dozen, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$5.00 per hundred. Mixed Cannas, 75c dozen, postpaid; \$4.00 per hundred, not prepaid.

Caladiums

Gladioli

\$1.80; postpaid.

Tuberose

Dahlias

Plant Collections

single large flowering Geraniums, all different, 75c, postpaid. 10 superb **Chrysanthemums**, selected exhibition varieties, all different, 50c, postpaid.

There are comparatively few flower seeds that are well enough adapted to Southern conditions to make them worth planting. The following very short list contains only such varieties that we consider that you can plant with reasonable chances of success. Our catalogue space is very limited and descriptions are necessarily short:

- ABRONIA**, or Sand Verbena—Mixed colors, packet.....05c
ABUTILON, or Flowering Maple—Mixed, packet.....10c
ALYSSUM, SWEET—White and fragrant, packet.....05c
ANTIRRHINUM (Snap-Drum)—Finest mixed, packet.....05c
ARISTOLOCHIA (Dutchman's Pipe)—Climber, packet.....10c
ASTERS—Finest large flowering mixed, packet.....10c
BALSAM (Lady Slipper)—Fine mixed, packet.....05c
BALSAM—Double rose flowered mixed, packet.....10c
BALSAM APPLE—Very ornamental climber, packet.....05c
BELLIS (Double English Daisy)—Finest mixed, packet.....10c
CARNATIONS—Finest double German mixed, packet.....15c
CARNATION MARGUERITE—Everblooming Carnation, beginning to bloom in four months from seed, packet.....10c
CANNAS—Large flowering French varieties, seed saved from named varieties, packet.....10c
COBEA SCANDENS—Beautiful climber from Mexico, with purple, bell shaped flowers, packet.....10c
CELOSIA, or COCK'S COMB—Mixed colors, packet.....05c
CYPRESS VINE—Splendid climber with fern-like foliage, scarlet and white flowers, mixed, packet.....05c
COSMOS—Free flowering annuals from Mexico, easily grown; white, pink, crimson, mixed, packet.....05c
DIANTHUS, or GARDEN PINKS.

D. CHINENSIS (Double China Pinks)—Mixed colors, packet.....05c

D. HEDDEWIGII (Single Japanese Pinks)—Mixed colors, packet.....05c

D. LACINATUS—Large single fringed, mixed colors, packet.....05c

D. IMPERIALIS—Double, large and showy, mixed, packet.....05c

DAHLIA—Large double flowers, mixed, packet.....10c

DAHLIA—Finest single mixed, packet.....10c

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A Page of Special Offers.

OUR SPECIAL COLLECTIONS OF SEEDS have been so popular in recent years that we are now giving special attention to this branch of our work. These collections are put up in advance of the regular seed selling season and are ready for mailing immediately on receipt of your order. Every one of them is a splendid bargain in seeds and the varieties contained have been most carefully selected for Southern home garden use.

10 Packets { QUARTER INTRODUCTORY } 25 Cts. VEGETABLE COLLECTION

1 Packet Alexander's Sure Head Cabbage.....	05c	1 Packet Florida Favorite Watermelon.....	05c
1 Packet Alexander's Early Eclipse Beet.....	05c	1 Packet Rocky Ford Cantaloupe.....	05c
1 Packet Wonderful Cabbage Lettuce.....	05c	1 Packet Early White Flat Dutch Turnip.....	05c
1 Packet New Stone Tomato.....	05c	1 Packet True Georgia Collard.....	05c
1 Packet Extra Early Long Scarlet Radish	05c		
1 Packet Giant Southern Creole Mustard.....	05c		50c

For 25 cents we will send the above 10 full size packets of seed by mail, postpaid. No changes will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at these prices.

20 Packets { AUGUSTA HALF DOLLAR } 50 Cts. VEGETABLE COLLECTION

1 Packet Alexander's Sure Head Cabbage.....	05c	1 Packet Florida Favorite Watermelon.....	05c
1 Packet Premium Flat Dutch Cabbage.....	05c	1 Packet Chinese Mustard.....	05c
1 Packet Alexander's Early Eclipse Beet.....	05c	1 Packet Prize-Taker Onion.....	05c
1 Packet Early Scarlet Horn Carrot.....	05c	1 Packet White Velvet Okra.....	05c
1 Packet Arlington White Spine Cucumber.....	05c	1 Packet Early Long Scarlet Radish.....	05c
1 Packet Extra Early Valentine Bean (2 ounces).....	05c	1 Packet Early White Bush Squash.....	05c
1 Packet True Georgia Collard.....	05c	1 Packet New Stone Tomato.....	05c
1 Packet Wonderful Cabbage Lettuce.....	05c	1 Packet Pride of Georgia Pea (2 ounces).....	05c
1 Packet Rocky Ford Cantaloupe.....	05c	1 Packet Purple Top Globe Turnip.....	05c
1 Packet Philip Jones Watermelon.....	05c		
1 Packet Seminole (Extra Early) Watermelon.....	05c		\$1.00

For 50 cents we will send the above 20 packets of seed by mail, postpaid. No changes will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at these prices.

\$1 Home Garden Collection { ONE DOLLAR } POSTPAID.

1 Pint Extra Early Valentine Beans	25c	1 Packet Arlington White Spine Cucumber.....	05c
1 Pint Pride of Georgia Peas.....	25c	1 Packet Chinese Mustard.....	05c
1 Ounce Alexander's Early Eclipse Beets.....	10c	1 Packet Mammoth White Bush Squash.....	05c
1 Packet Augusta Trucker Cabbage.....	10c	1 Ounce Augusta Rattlesnake Watermelon.....	05c
1 Packet Alexander's Sure Head Cabbage.....	05c	1 Ounce Purple Top Globe Turnip.....	10c
1 Packet Wonderful Cabbage Lettuce.....	05c	1 Packet Rocky Ford Cantaloupe.....	05c
1 Packet Long-Keeper Tomato.....	10c	1 Packet True Georgia Collard.....	05c
1 Ounce Alexander's Radish Mixture.....	10c		
1 Packet Australian Brown Onion	05c		\$1.55

10 Packets { ALEXANDER'S INTRODUCTORY } 25 Cts. FLOWER COLLECTION.

1 Pkt Sweet Alyssum.....	05c	1 Pkt Pansy, Fine Mixed.....	05c
1 Pkt Cosmos, Finest Mixed.....	05c	1 Pkt Petunias, Single Mixed.....	05c
1 Pkt Cypress Vine, Mixed.....	05c	1 Pkt Poppies, Finest Mixed.....	05c
1 Pkt Dianthus (Pinks), Double Mixed	05c	1 Pkt Alexander's Superb Mixed Sweet Peas	05c
1 Pkt Marvel of Peru, Mixed.....	05c		
1 Pkt Nasturtium, Dwarf Mixed.....	05c		Above 10 Packets, Postpaid, 25 Cts.

20 Packets { ALEXANDER'S HALF-DOLLAR } 50 Cts. FLOWER COLLECTION

1 Pkt Sweet Alyssum.....	05c	1 Pkt Lantana, French Mixed.....	05c
1 Pkt Ageratum, Mixed.....	05c	1 Pkt Mignonette, Sweet Scented.....	05c
1 Pkt Antirrhinum (Snap Dragon), Mixed.....	05c	1 Pkt Dwarf Mixed Nasturtium.....	05c
1 Pkt Asters, Fine Mixed	10c	1 Pkt Pansy, French Mixed.....	10c
1 Pkt Balsam, Rose Flowered.....	10c	1 Pkt Petunias, Finest Mixed.....	05c
1 Pkt Candytuft, Empress.....	10c	1 Pkt Phlox, Finest Mixed.....	05c
1 Pkt Canna, Crozy's, Mixed.....	10c	1 Pkt Poppies, Finest Mixed.....	05c
1 Pkt Celosia (Cockscomb), Dwarf Mixed.....	05c	1 Pkt Alexander's Superb Mixed Sweet Peas.....	05c
1 Pkt Japanese Morning Glory	10c	1 Pkt Verbena, Finest Mixed.....	05c
1 Pkt Cypress Vine, Mixed.....	05c		
1 Pkt Dianthus (Pinks), Double Mixed.....	05c		Above 10 Packets, Postpaid, 50 Cts.

Alexander's 6-Eared Corn



Our 6-EARED CORN is what you want if you are looking for perfection in prolific corn for your crop.

It's a splendid corn that will give you perfect satisfaction. Greatest producer of both grain and forage of any Southern Corn.

Note the illustration taken from photograph of a single stalk showing just how it grew on poor clay upland.

WE can recommend our 6-Eared Corn to you without reserve. Our illustration shows just what it is and what it will do for you if you plant it this year. It's the greatest producer of both grain and forage that we have ever seen, the yields of grain and forage being remarkable, even on the poorest sandy lands. It's easily capable of making 100 bushels of corn per acre on good land with good cultivation with this variety. It's far better than Blount's Prolific, Cocke's Prolific, Marlboro and Albemarle Prolific which have been the standard Southern varieties. It makes more and better ears with longer grains than any of these famous varieties.

Alexander's 6-Ear has deep grains, closely set on a small white cob. Each stalk makes from 4 to 8 medium sized ears (we have seen 11 ears on one stalk). Grains rather hard, making it a good keeper in weevil infected sections.

Matures in 110 to 120 days. In the "roasting ear" stage it is splendid, being equal to the best sweet corns. Its root system is superb, enabling it to stand severe storms without blowing down. It's an all purpose corn, the best and most profitable variety you can plant. It's the right corn for the farm, for the market garden and for the home garden. It's good on any kind of land and suffers less from drought than any other. You need it. We only have a limited quantity of seed to offer this year. Better order early. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 20 cents; pint, 30 cents; quart, 50 cents; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.50.